Metronic Global Berhad

(632068-V)

LEADING ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY SOLUTION PROVIDER

ANNUAL REPORT 2015

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Our Vision

To be an internationally recognized leading engineering and technology total solution provider.

Our Mission

- To apply our unique management style that incorporates our manpower resources, experience, expertise, innovation and creative approach.
- To continously seek new technologies that meet our clients' requirements.
- To create a workplace that motivates our employees.
- To develop strategic relationships with partners who have skill that enhance and complemet our own.
- To continually improve the effectiveness of the quality management system.
- To maximize value of our stakeholders.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

NG WEE PENG Independent Non-Executive Chairman

TAN KIAN HONG Executive Director

CHOH KIM PENG Independent Non-Executive Director

DATUK TAN CHOON HWA, JP, JMK Independent Non-Executive Director

CHIN YOON SIONG Independent Non-Executive Director

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Choh Kim Peng Chairman

Ng Wee Peng Member

Datuk Tan Choon Hwa, JP, JMK *Member*

Chin Yoon Siong Member

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Ng Wee Peng Chairman

Datuk Tan Choon Hwa, JP, JMK Member

Chin Yoon Siong Member

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Datuk Tan Choon Hwa, JP, JMK Chairman

Ng Wee Peng Member

Chin Yoon Siong Member

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Jenny Wong Chew Boey (MAICSA 7006120) Wong Yuet Chyn (MAICSA 7047163)

REGISTRAR

Shareworks Sdn Bhd No. 2-1, Jalan Sri Hartamas 8 Sri Hartamas, 50480 Kuala Lumpur Wilayah Persekutuan (KL) Tel : 03 6201 1120 Fax : 03 6201 3121

AUDITORS

CHI-LLTC (AF 1114) Chartered Accountants, Suite 18.07, 18th Floor, Wisma Zelan, No.1, Jalan Tasik Permaisuri 2, Bandar Tun Razak, 56000 Kuala Lumpur Tel : 03 9173 8180 Fax : 03 9173 1989

SOLICITORS

Messrs Ngeh & Co.

BANKERS

Malayan Banking Berhad United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Berhad

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Stock name : Metronic Stock code : 0043

CORPORATE WEBSITE

www.metronic-group.com

CORPORATE PROFILE

COMPANY HISTORY AND DEVELOPMENT

Background of Company

Metronic Global Berhad ("The Company" or "MGB") was incorporated in Malaysia under the Companies Act, 1965 on 22 October 2003. The company was listed on MESDAQ Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") on 24 May 2004 and subsequently transferred to the Main Board (now known as Main Market) of Bursa Securities on 12 July 2007.

The subsidiaries of the Company specialise in system integration of intelligent building management systems ("IBMS") and integrated security management system ("ISMS"), e-project management ("e-PM") of mechanical and electrical service and provision of online administration service for the healthcare sector. Fundamental to this success is the mission of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group" or "MGB Group") to continually exceed customers' increasing expectations. The MGB Group focuses on building and integrating world-class technology to the market and is committed to continuously improve its quality, service and productivity.

The Evolution of the MGB Group

The origin of the MGB Group can be traced back to August 1984 when Metronic Engineering Sdn Bhd ("MESB") was incorporated to provide building automation service specializing in the field of IBMS and ISMS. MESB subsequently expanded its business activities to include e-PM of mechanical and electrical service and supply of engineering systems. MESB carries products by principals such as TAC Controls Pte Ltd and Honeywell Integrated Security, USA which are amongst the world's leading companies in IBMS and ISMS.

During the early years, MESB played a pivotal role in nation building by providing state-of-the-art e-project management and system integration services for hospitals, office building, shopping complexes, airports, oil refineries and manufacturing plants. Over the years, the Group has leveraged its expertise to develop unique and innovative IBMS and ISMS products, solution and services, mainly in the areas of "intelligent buildings".

As technology progresses, intelligent buildings have evolved from mere stand-alone entities into interconnected hubs within the citywide infrastructure, known as "intelligent cities". With the convergence of technology, stand-alone buildings are slowly forming into smaller, ecosystems comprising a tightly integrated network of buildings that better enable the management and optimization of systems and resources. The driving force of the evolution of intelligent cities is the ability to reduce cost, optimise manpower utilisation and enhance service levels through aggregation, service integration and process automation.

Over the years, the Group has strengthened its position in the value chain towards becoming an ICMS provider. By converging newer technologies with the JBCM[™] (Java Based Control & Monitoring Software) platform, the Group is able to provide a value-added proposition for its customers by enhancing and expanding its product applications. In line with the Group's plan to migrate as a provider of ICMS, these technologies will significantly enhance application security, manageability, reliability and availability of any application while lowering the cost of operations for its customers.

In a move to diversify and complement its existing core business, in 2008, the Group via Metronic iCares Sdn Bhd ("Micares") ventured into Third Party Administration and Managed Care Organisation businesses for the healthcare sector via the connectivity applications and infrastructure for the exchange of transactional information through internet. In the year 2013, the Group has disposed off the ICT Support Services Division. The disposal of Micares provides an opportunity for the Group to realize its investment at an attractive return, generate funds for working capital and investment in other potential businesses and repayment of borrowings. The rationale for disposal is also due to the financial and business prospect is uncertain with the recent consolidation within the insurance industry and the various mergers and acquisition of some of Micare's major clients which may affect Micare's business.

For geographical expansion, MGB Group has embarked on a series of acquisition strategies over the last few years to complement the local market. As at today, the Group has reached China, India, Vietnam and Middle East countries.

CORPORATE PROFILE

PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES, PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

Presently, MGB Group, through its subsidiaries, specializes in IBMS and ISMS which encompass hardware and software required for the control and management of an intelligent building with components including heating, ventilation and air conditioning, lighting, fire and security equipment.

The key drivers that are guiding the building/construction industry to adopt this technology are:

- The onset of the network convergence of the CCTV, computers, alarm system and access control with the advance technology of biometrics;
- Prevalent use of internet and IP networking; and
- The efficiency of the system as it saves time and travel cost

The integration of the building/industrial automation system security system has become one of the most popular methods used by many corporations in converging their existing system into an all encompassing system. Two (2) of the main components of the IBMS and ISMS are the hardware and the software solution. The hardware portion includes security devices such as CCTV, the video recording (either digital or analogue), access control and the intrusion devices. The software solution is an important feature which ensures that this equipment communicated and works coherently in a common personal computer-based environment.

The Group is presently a key player in the IBMS and ISMS industry in Malaysia and with its expertise in system integration and knowledge of advanced technology.

The business divisions of the MGB Group are highlighted as follows:

(i) **IBMS** Division

IBMS is an integration of Building Automation System, Access Control, Closed Circuit TV ("CCTV") System and Addressable Fire Control & Monitoring System into one single intelligent system. There are three sub-divisions as follows:

- Building Automation System ("BAS")
- Java Based Control & Monitoring Software (''JBCM'')
- Smart Home

(ii) ISMS Division

ISMS provides a high level security solutions by integrating all the individual security system like CCTV ,Card Access, Perimeter Intrusion Detection System, Door Monitoring System, Guard Tour System and Asset Tracking System into one single intelligent device.

(iii) e-PM Engineering Services Division

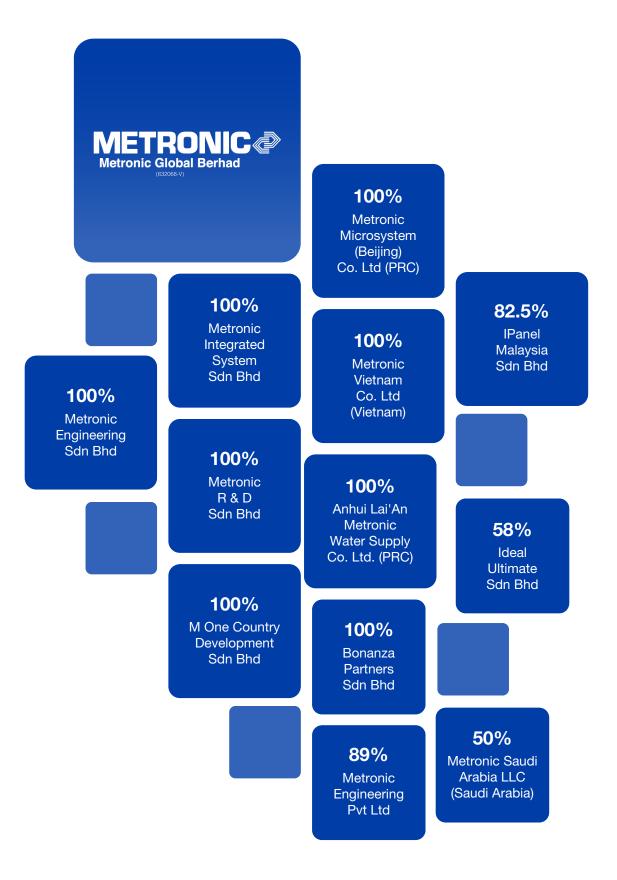
The Group is involved in the provision of engineering services specialising in the field of Mechanical and Electrical ('M&E'')

The Group is continually developing the Building M&E knowledge and expertise within the Group as part of the division's objectives to be sufficiently prepared to be a competitive Design and Construct M&E Contractor.

(iv) Industrial Automation Division

The Group, through its strategic alliance with a Japanese partner is involved in the provision of industrial automation specializing in Automated Storage and Retrieval System ("ASRS"). The logistic solutions offered by the Group focuses on efficient storage of goods while preserving the quality and facilitate smooth retrieval as and when needed. Some of the solutions offered help improve product quality during speedy inspection, perform multiple distribution centres with cross-docking facilities, enable the timely supply of large variety / high volume goods and demand can be ascertained in real time through the inventory control system.

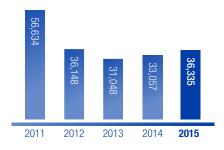
CORPORATE STRUCTURE AS AT 31 MARCH 2016



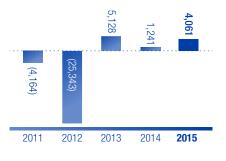
FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	2011 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000
Revenue	56,634	36,148	31,048	33,057	36,335
Profit/ (loss) before tax	(2,946)	(26,761)	5,098	1,856	3,503
Profit/ (loss) for the year	(4,164)	(25,343)	5,128	1,241	4,061
Profir/ (loss) attributable to equity holders of the company	(5,061)	(25,894)	5,160	1,241	3,973
Shareholders' funds	47,206	34,515	44,116	47,123	57,159
Net earnings/ (loss) per share (sen)	(0.80)	(4.08)	0.79	0.18	0.54
Net assets per share attributable to equity holders of the company (sen)	7.44	5.44	6.82	6.81	7.83

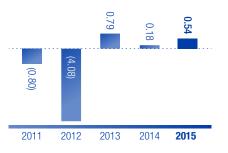
REVENUE (RM'000)



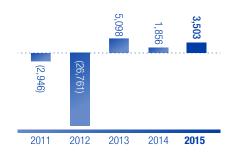
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR (RM'000)







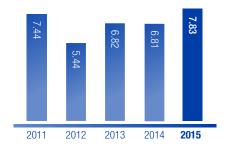
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX (RM'000)



SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS (RM'000)



NET ASSETS PER SHARE (RM'000)



PROFILE OF DIRECTORS

NG WEE PENG | Independent Non-Executive Chairman

Ng Wee Peng, a Malaysian, aged 41, was appointed as Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company on 21 December 2012. He is also a member of Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee. He also sits as Chairman of the Nomination Committee.

He obtained a Bachelor of Science (Hons) Degree, majoring in Computer Science from University of Warwick, United Kingdom. He is a Director and Co-founder of Agile Matrix Solutions Sdn. Bhd., an IT services company based in Malaysia and Singapore. Prior to this, he worked as a Senior Consultant at C-Bridge Internet Solutions, an IT services company based in San Francisco, USA.

He does not hold any other directorships in other public listed companies. He has no family relationship with any of the directors and/ or major shareholders of the Company and its subsidiaries. He does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and has not been convicted for any offences in the past 10 years. He does not hold any shares in the company.

TAN KIAN HONG | Executive Director

Mr Tan Kian Hong, a Malaysian, aged 30, was appointed as Executive Director of the Company on 28 February 2013. He completed his middle education at the Sri Garden International School. In 1998, he jump started his career path by joining the family's business as an Assistant Sales Manager with CJH Distribution Sdn Bhd, a company involved in integrated building security systems (IBSS), electronic computerized calculators and machines. Then, from 2003, he served as a Assistant General Sales Manager in another segment of the family's business, Naturelink Sdn Bhd which was involved in the manufacturing and distribution of electronic home appliances.

In 2005, he led a venture into the manufacturing and distribution of fertilizers in Malaysia and then expanded the export market to China and subsequently to Myanmar, Vietnam, Thailand and Indonesia. As at today, Naturelink Sdn Bhd is the distributor of several famous brand names in the fertilizer industry such as Great German, Jatech, Naturelink that are both popular and trustworthy brand names in the agriculture sector. He is the Managing Director of NatureLink Sdn Bhd.

He does not hold any other directorships in other public listed companies. He does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and has not been convicted for any offences in the past 10 years. He is a shareholder of the Company and details of his shareholdings are disclosed on page 111. His brother, Mr Tan Lian Hong is one of the substantial shareholders of the Company.

CHOH KIM PENG | Independent Non-Executive Director

Choh Kim Peng, a Malaysian, aged 44, was appointed as Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company on 1 April 2015. He is the Chairman of Audit Committee. He is also a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA) since 1999.

He started his career in 1994 as an Accounts Assistant in SCS Computer Systems Sdn Bhd. He held various positions as an Audit Assistant and Audit Senior in TY & Associates, Audit Supervisor and Assistant Manager in E.S. Lim & Co and as an Audit Manager in P.L Ong & Co. In 2005 until 2010, he worked as an Accountant in Quanterm Freight (M) Sdn Bhd, Hupson Industries Sdn Bhd and as a Group Accountant at KK Supermart Holdings Sdn Bhd. Mr Choh Kim Peng is the founder of KP Smart Solution and currently sits as the General Manager of KP Smart Solution.

He has no family relationship with any director and/ or major shareholders of the Company and its subsidiaries. He does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and has not been convicted for any offences in the past 10 years. He does not hold any shares in the company.

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS

DATUK TAN CHOON HWA, JP, JMK | Independent Non-Executive Director

Datuk Tan Choon Hwa, a Malaysian, aged 58. He was appointed as Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company on 28 April 2014. He is also a member of Audit Committee and Nomination Committee. He also sits as Chairman of the Remuneration Committee. He is a Director of ML Global Berhad, Aturmaju Resources Berhad and Nihsin Resources Berhad.

He is a businessman with (20) years of experiences in various industries such as Timber, Mining, Hotel Resort, Housing, Land Development and Finance Investment Holding. He is the Executive Chairman of TCH International Group. He also holds Directorships in WAZLIAN GROUP and CNB AUTO SDN BHD (Volks Wegan Group).

He also hold other chairmanship in several association, President MALAYSIA-CHINA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE (KELANTAN BRANCH) and centre committee, Vice President MALAYSIA VOLLEYBALL ASSOCIATION and MALAYSIA CHINESE BUSINESS ASSOCIATION.

He has no family relationship with any of the directors and/ or major shareholders of the Company and its subsidiaries. He does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and has not been convicted for any offences in the past 10 years. He does not hold any shares in the Company.

CHIN YOON SIONG | Independent Non-Executive Director

Chin Yoon Siong, a Malaysian, aged 51, was appointed as Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company on 16 May 2014. He is also a member of Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee. He holds a Master Degree in Analysis, Design and Management of Information System from London School of Economics and Political Science (UK). He is currently the Director of NeuConcept Business Development (M) Sdn Bhd, NCB TechVision Sdn Bhd, NCB Synergy Sdn Bhd and NeuConcept Solution (Singapore) Pte Ltd. He was also the Deputy ICT Chairman of ACCCIM (Association of Malaysia Chinese Chamber of Commerce and Industrial), IT Chairman of KLSCCCI (KL & Selangor Chinese Chamber of Commerce and Industry). He is Council Member & IT Advisor of MCCC (Malaysia-China Chamber of Commerce), Chairman of MCCC Public Working Committee, Member of MCCC Investment Working Committee, and Committee of London School of Economy Alumni Malaysia.

He does not hold any directorship in other public listed companies. He has no family relationship with any of the directors and/ or major shareholders of the Company and its subsidiaries. He does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and has not been convicted for any offences in the past 10 years. He does not hold any shares in the Company.

PROFILE OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Vincent Set Hin Fook, a Malaysian, aged 50, was appointed as Chief Executive Officer of the Company on 5 January 2015. He was formerly directors of number of public-listed companies appointed during turn-around and restructuring exercise. He was formerly the CEO of Linxis Sdn Bhd, a customized software development and R&D center as well as conceptualize and marketing of E-commerce business models. Over his corporate career, he has served in senior management team and start-up consultant with a number of local and international companies and has gained extensive practical experience in strategic management and business performance improvement area.

He holds a Bachelor of Science in Physics from the University of Malaya and Master of Science in Electrical Engineering from University of Mississippi, Oxford, United States.

He has no family relationship with any of the directors and/ or major shareholders of the Company and its subsidiaries. He does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and has not been convicted for any offense in the past 10 years. He holds 30,000 shares in the Company. VINCENT SET HIN FOOK | Chief Executive Officer



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Metronic Global Berhad ("MGB" or "the Company"), it is my pleasure to present the Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

INDUSTRY AND OPERATING ENVIRONMENT OVERVIEW

The World Bank projected Malaysia's economy to have a weaker real GDP growth of 4.0% to 4.5% in 2016 compared to growth rate of 5.0% for year 2015.

Despite the series of risks that threaten to derail growth in 2015 such as currency depreciation, political instability concerns, unfavorable base effects regarding both investment and consumption, as well as the collapse of revenues related to the oil and gas sector, the strong domestic demand had somewhat cushioned the effect and drove the economy while private sector investment held up well despite lower oil prices, especially in the manufacturing and service sectors.

The Malaysian economy is expecting to experience another challenging year in 2016, the lower projection growth rate is mainly due to the slowdown in domestic demand following Putrajaya's commitment to maintain the course for fiscal consolidation, the easing of private consumption growth, the continuation of low oil prices, and the effect of low commodity prices on exports.

The implementation of GST and removal of subsidies thus far were enough to compensate for the losses in the oil related revenues. However, private consumption is not expected to pick up substantially in the near term as Malaysian consumers struggle to adjust to higher living costs.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group recorded revenue of RM39.0 million for the financial year ended 31 December 2015, representing an increase of RM5.7 million or 17.1% compared to the revenue of RM33.3 million for the previous financial year.

The Group's profit for the year was RM4.1 million for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 compared to a profit of RM1.2 million for the previous financial year. The better performance mainly came from higher Group Revenue contributed by the Engineering Division and write back of impairment of trade receivables no longer required.

Operation's Highlights

As a true engineering solutions provider, Metronic has been established for more than 30 years with vast experience in Integrated Building Management System ("IBMS"), Energy Management System ("EMS"), Integrated Security Management System ("ISMS"), Extra Low Voltage ("ELV") and ICT & Structure Cabling. Metronic focuses on introducing the best and latest technology to the market and are committed to continuous improvement in quality, service level and productivity to remain competitive in the market.

In this highly competitive business environment, the management will continue to focus on pursuing sustainable businesses such as services and maintenance contracts and new railway projects to steer the company through the various challenges arising from rapidly changing economic environment.

Besides that, the management successfully ventured into the property development business as mentioned in the previous year's Annual Report. This confirms the management is actively exploring new business opportunities to develop new income streams for the Group.

Core Business: Engineering Division

Engineering Division remains the major contributor to the Group's revenue.

During the financial year 2015, the Group successfully secured key IBMS and ISMS projects which include:

- Melawati Mall, Kuala Lumpur.
- KL Eco City, Kuala Lumpur.
- Paradigm Mall, Johor Bahru.
- Radia Bukit Jelutong, Selangor.
- J Land Tower, Johor.

CORPORATE DEVELOPMENTS

The corporate developments that took place during the financial year and up to the date of this report are as follow:

(i) The current ongoing MRT Line 1 project known as "Project Mass Rapid Transit Lembah Kelang: Jajaran Sungai Buloh – Kajang" with a contract sum of RM42.9 million is expected to be completed in 2017. As at the date of this report, the Group has been able to meet all the scheduled timelines provided based on its vast experience, technical resources, financial strength and expertise in handling the project.

The Group has also been preparing to tender for the MRT Line 2 project which is scheduled to open in the 3rd quarter of 2016, leveraging on its competitive edge and core strengths to secure the project.

(ii) In the property development sector, the Group has already commenced development of 42 units of 3 storey shoplots with an estimated total sales value of RM32.5 million on the plot of freehold land located strategically in Mukim Telekong, Kelantan. In the meantime, plans are also underway to develop residential properties comprising 137 units Terrace House on the same plot of land.

Such development projects will contribute positively to the Group's revenue and profitability in 2016 and is also seen as one of the key drivers in sustaining business growth.

(iii) As announced during the financial year, the Group had entered into a joint venture to submit tenders to the Government of Malaysia to build a solar power farm with the intention of producing electricity to be sold to Tenaga Nasional Berhad. The Group has submitted tender to the Energy Commission for a 50MW Quota Solar Power Project. If successful, the project will kick off within 1 to 2 years from the date of the award.

APPRECIATION AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I would like to extend my sincere appreciation to all my fellow Directors for their valuable contribution.

On behalf of the Board, I would also like to thank our shareholders, customers, business associates, bankers and other stakeholders for their continued support. The appreciation also goes to our employees for their dedication and commitment. We look forward to better performance in 2016.

On behalf of the Board

Ng Wee Peng Chairman

The Board of Directors ("Board") of Metronic Global Berhad ("MGB" or "the company") is committed to ensure that the highest standards of corporate governance are observed and practiced consistently throughout the Group. The Board views this as a fundamental part of discharging its responsibility to protect and enhance shareholders' value and the financial performance of the Group.

The Board is accountable to MGB's members for the corporate governance and performance of MGB's Group and committed to achieve the highest standards of business integrity, ethics and professionalism across the Group's activities. The Board is adopting the principles and best practices of the Malaysia Code on Corporate Governance 2012 ("the Code") and Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities").

PRINCIPLE 1 – ESTABLISHMENT OF CLEAR ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES

1.1 Clear Functions of the Board and Management

The Group is led by an experienced Board and maintains full and effective control over the Group's activities. It guides the short and long term goals, setting objectives and directions, reviewing and adopting strategic plans, overseeing the conduct of the business and managing the Group.

All Board members participate fully in decisions on key issues involving the Group which include inter alia, approval of major investments, divestments, capital expenditures, financial matters, related party transactions, financial and operating results and performance of the Group and in establishing key policies and procedures.

1.2 Board Duties and Responsibilities

The Board is responsible and accountable to retains full and effective control over the performance and affairs of the Group. All members of the Board are expected to show good stewardship and act in professional manner.

The principal responsibilities of the Board include the following;

- Review and adopting the group corporate strategy, plan and directions for the Company including its subsidiaries
- Reviewing the relevance, appropriateness and integrity of the internal control system of the Group
- Promoting effective communication between shareholders, the Company and relevant stakeholders
- Continuous reviewing the soundness and adequacy of Group's financial system, management information system and internal control system
- Monitoring the conduct of Group's business and ensure strictly compliance to best practices and principles
 of corporate governance
- Formulating Group's annual business plans and the medium-term and long-term strategy plans.
- Constructively challenging and contributing to the development of the business strategies and direction of the Company
- Ensuring that the culture of accountability, transparency, integrity, professionalism and responsible conduct is consistently adhered to by the Company

1.3 Formalized Ethical Standards through Code of Ethics

The Group has formalized ethical standards through a Code of Conduct as a framework which is applicable to all employees and Directors of the Group. The framework provides work environment where honesty, integrity, mutual respect, fairness and accountability prevail.

PRINCIPLE 1 – ESTABLISHMENT OF CLEAR ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES cont'd

1.4 Strategies Promoting Sustainability

The Board ensures that the Group's strategies promote sustainability. The Group practices a system of rewards based in the philosophy of pay for performance. Employees are rewarded based on productivity and contribution towards achievement of the Group's immediate and long term objectives.

1.5 Access to Information and Advice

All Directors have unrestricted access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to enable them to discharge their duties effectively. The Company Secretary, who is qualified, experienced and competent, advises the Board on any updates relating to new statutory and regulatory requirements pertaining to the duties and responsibilities of Directors and their impact and implication to the Company and Directors in carrying out their fiduciary duties and responsibilities.

1.6 Company Secretary

The Company Secretary organize and attends all Board Committees meetings and ensures meetings are properly convened and accurate. The Company Secretary plays an advisory role to the Board in relation to the Company's constitution, Board's policies and procedures and compliance with the regulatory requirements, codes or guidance.

1.7 Board Charter

The Board had approved and formalized on 21st April 2014 a Board Charter setting out the duties, responsibilities and functions of the Board in accordance with the principles of good corporate governance set out in MCCG 2012. The Board Charter is available on the Company corporate website at www.metronic-group.com.

PRINCIPLE 2 – STRENGTHEN COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD

The Board currently comprises 5 members, of whom four (4) members of the Board are Independent Non-Executive Directors. This is in compliance with Paragraph 15.02 of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities which requires at least two (2) directors or 1/3 of the Board of Directors, whichever is higher, to be independent.

The Board comprises professionals and entrepreneurs drawn from varied backgrounds bringing in considerable knowledgeable, skills and expertise to the Group. The Board is assured of a balanced and independent view at all Board deliberations due to the presence of its Independent Non-Executive Directors who are independent of the management and substantial shareholders of the Company and are free from any dealings or relationships which could interfere with the exercise of their independent judgment.

2.1 Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established on 11 June 2004 with the primary responsibility of ensuring that the Board has appropriate balance and size and the required mix of skills, experience and other competencies and for recommending the appointment of new directors to the Board.

The Committee comprised 3 Independent Non-Executive Directors. The members are as follow;

Director	Designation
Ng Wee Peng	Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director
Datuk Tan Choon Hwa, JP, JMK	Member, Independent Non-Executive Director
Chin Yoon Siong	Member, Independent Non-Executive Director

PRINCIPLE 2 – STRENGTHEN COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD cont'd

2.1 Nomination Committee cont'd

The following are the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee;

- To oversee and evaluate the overall composition of the Board in terms of appropriate size, required mix of skills, experience and core competencies and adequacy of balance between Executive Directors, Non Executive Directors and independent Directors by performing annual review.
- To ensure that all Directors receive enough and appropriate training programs in order to keep abreast with changes in new statutory and regulatory requirements.
- To evaluate, access and recommend to the Board, the terms of reference of Board Committees and review the adequacy of the committee structure of the Board's Committee.
- To oversee the succession planning, appointment/reappointment and performance evaluation of the key management staff.
- To evaluate a person's ability to discharge his/her responsibilities/functions as expected
- To ensure the Board has been able to discharge its duties professionally and effectively in consideration of the scale and breadth of the Company's operations
- To ensure all the Directors continue to uphold the highest governance standards in their conduct.

The Nomination Committee develops, maintain and review the criteria to be used in the recruitment process and annual assessment of director. In assessing the suitability of the candidates' consideration is given to competencies, commitment, contribution and performance.

2.2 Recruitment Process and Annual Assessment

The Board delegated to the NC the responsibility of recommending the appointment of any new Directors. The NC also annually reviews the effectiveness of the Board, its Committees and the contribution of each individual Director, including the required mix of skills and core competencies necessary for the Board to discharge its duties effectively.

The responsibilities of the NC include:-

- Formulating the nomination, selection and succession policies for members of the Board
- Making recommendations to the Board on new candidates for appointment and the re-appointment/reelection of Directors to the Board
- Reviewing the required mix of skills, experience and other qualities of the Board annually
- Reviewing and recommending to the Board the appointment of members of Board Committees established by the Board annually
- Establishing a set of performance criteria to evaluate the performance of each member of the Board, and reviewing the performance of the members of the Board
- Ensuring that relevant education programmes are provided for new members of the Board, and reviewing the Directors' continuing education programmes

PRINCIPLE 2 – STRENGTHEN COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD cont'd

2.3 Remuneration Policies

The Remuneration Committee was established on 11 June 2004 with the responsibility of reviewing and recommending to the Board the remuneration package of Executive Directors of the Group. The main objective is to ensure the level of remuneration is attractive enough to attract and retain the Executive Directors to run the Group successfully, subject to corporate and individual performance. Fees for Independent Directors would be determined by the full Board with the approval from shareholders at the Annual General Meeting.

Presently the committee comprises three (3) members, three (3) of whom are Independent Non-Executive Directors. The members are:

Director	Designation
Datuk Tan Choon Hwa, JP, JMK	Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director
Chin Yoon Siong	Member, Independent Non-Executive Director
Ng Wee Peng	Member, Independent Non-Executive Director

The size and composition of the board are adequate and suitable for the Company to provide appropriate balance of executive, independent and non-independent Directors. The Directors come from diverse background with expertise and skills in Engineering, accounting, information technology, industry, audit, tax and legal.

The Group Human Resource and Administration provides comparative remuneration market survey information to the committee and the committee makes recommendation to the Board. The Board as a whole determines their remuneration. No director is allowed to be present in the discussion and vote on his or her own remuneration.

The aggregate remuneration of the Directors for the financial year under review, distinguishing between Executive and Non-Executive Directors is set out below;

Ringgit Malaysia	Executive Director	Non-Executive Director	Total
Fees*	-	108,000	108,000
Salaries and other emolumengts	183,531	-	183,531
Total	183,531	108,000	291,531

* Directors fees for the financial year is subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The number of Directors of the Company, whose remuneration bands fall within the following successive bands of RM50,000, is as follow:

	Executive Director	Non-Executive Director
Below RM50,000	-	4
RM50,000 - RM100,000	-	-
RM100,001 - RM150,000	-	-
RM150,001 - RM200,000	1	-
RM200,001 - RM250,000	-	-
RM250,001 - RM300,000	-	-
RM300,001 - 350,000	-	-

PRINCIPLE 3 – REINFORCE INDEPENDENCE

3.1 Assessment of Independence Annually

The Board undertakes an assessment of its Independent Directors annually. The Board is in compliance with the Code that the tenure of Independent Directors do not exceed accumulative term of nine years. Upon completion of nine years, an independent may continue to serve on the Board subject to the director's re-designations as Non-Independent Director. The board must justify and seek shareholders' approval in the event it retains as an Independent Director, a person who has served in that capacity for more than nine years.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association ("Articles"), all Directors are subject to re-election by shareholders at the next Annual General Meeting following their appointment by the Board.

The Articles also provide that all Directors shall retire by rotation so that each shall retire from office at least once in every three (3) years.

Directors who are of or over the age of seventy years are required to submit themselves for re-appointment annually in accordance to Section 129 (6) of the Companies Act 1965

3.2 Tenure of Independent Directors

The Board has adopted the recommendation of MCCG 2012 that the tenure of an independent director should not exceed a cumulative term of nine (9) years. Upon the completion of the nine (9) years, an independent director may continue to serve on the Board subject to the director's re-designation as non-independent director or to obtain shareholders' approval in the event it retains as an independent.

3.3 Shareholders' Approval for the re-appointment of Independent Director

For the year under review, none of the current independent board members had served the Company for more than nine (9) years cumulatively.

3.4 Separate Positions of the Chairman and Management

There is clear division of responsibility between the Non-Executive Chairman and the Executive Director to ensure there is a balance of power and authority. The Board is currently led by a Non-Executive Chairman who is primarily responsible for the orderly conduct and working of the Board. The Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer are primarily responsible for implementing the policies and decisions of the Board, overseeing and managing the day to day operations and managing the development and implementation of the Company's business and corporate strategies. There is no combination or overlapping of roles between the current Chairman and the Executive Director of the Company since these two positions are held by separate individuals.

The Board comprises of a majority of independent directors to ensure balance of power and authority to the Board.

The Board has not established any gender diversity policy. However, the Board do recognize the importance of gender diversity in the Board and will continue to review this to enhance corporate governance practices.

3.5 Composition of the Board

The Board as at the date of this statement comprises five (5) members:-

- a) One (1) Independent Non-Executive Chairman
- b) One (1) Executive Director
- c) Three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors

PRINCIPLE 3 – REINFORCE INDEPENDENCE cont'd

3.5 Composition of the Board cont'd

All three (3) Non-Executive Directors are Independent as defined in the Bursa Securities MMLR. The Independent Directors are:-

- a) Datuk Tan Choon Hwa, JP, JMK
- b) Choh Kim Peng
- c) Chin Yoon Siong

The Board is of the view that the current size of the Board is appropriate and views that the Board composition has the right mix of skills, experience and strength in qualities that relevant to the business which enable the Board to carry out its responsibilities in an effective and competent manner.

PRINCIPLE 4 - FOSTER COMMITMENT

4.1 Commitment of the Board Members

The Directors are committed to devote sufficient time to carry out their responsibilities. Directors should notify the Chairman before accepting any directorship. The notification should include an indication of time they will spend on the new appointment.

The Independent Non-Executive Directors are required to declare to the Board details of their significant business and interest of which the said Director would be require to abstain from decision voting should the subject resolution involve any chances of conflict of interest with his existing business and interest, direct or indirectly.

The Executive Directors are however required to declare to the Board of all the significant business and interests and to indicate broadly the time spend on such commitment, other than the time spend on the Company.

All the Directors are required to advise the Board of any subsequent changes of such commitment declared.

Board meetings are scheduled at quarterly intervals with additional meetings convened as and when necessary. At each quarterly meeting, the Board deliberated and approved the Group's business plan, including financial performance to date.

During the year under review, 5 board meetings were held and the details of the attendance of each Director are as follow;

Name of Directors	No of meeting attended	%
Tan Kian Hong Executive Director	4/5	80
Ng Wee Peng Non-Executive Chairman	5/5	100
Chin Yoon Siong Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5	100
Datuk Tan Choon Hwa, JP, JMK Independent Non-Executive Director	4/5	80
Choh Kim Peng Independent Non-Executive Director (Appointed on 1 April 2015)	4/4	100

PRINCIPLE 4 - FOSTER COMMITMENT cont'd

4.1 Commitment of the Board Members cont'd

The Board is provided with agenda together with a set of Board paper prior to the Board meetings. The Board papers include minutes of previous meeting, quarterly financial results, and progress reports of Group Businesses, strategies proposals, regulatory and audit reports for the Board's review and approval. These documents are issued in advance to enable the Board to seek clarification from the management to enable effective discharge its duties. Senior management and advisors are invited to attend board meetings where necessary to provide additional information and insights on the relevant agenda items tabled at the Board meetings.

4.2 Training

The Board believes that the Directors should continue to attend the training from time to time and accordingly shall and has provided and encouraged them to attend seminars, workshops, conferences and other training programs to keep abreast with new developments in corporate matter as well as industry practices for them to discharge their duties and responsibilities more effectively.

All the Directors have attended the Mandatory Accreditation Programme (MAP) save and except for Tan Kian Hong and Datuk Tan Choon Hwa due to the relevant suitable training programmes coincides with their respective official engagements. However, Tan Kian Hong and Datuk Tan Choon Hwa kept abreast with corporate and regulatory updates through dissemination of updates and notices from Bursa Malaysia and Securities Commission and also by reading corporate affairs material and professional journal. During the financial year ended 31 December 2015, the Directors have attended relevant courses and training programmes to enhance their knowledge to effectively discharge their duties and obligations.

The courses and training programmes attended by the Directors in 2015 are as follows:

Name of Director	Courses/ Training Programmes Attended	
Ng Wee Peng	Corporate Governance and Ethics: Strengthening Professionalism Through Ethics	
Choh Kim Peng	Mandatory Accreditation Programme	
Chin Yoon Siong	Strategic Management, Marketing, E-commerce, Synergy of Resources For Better Results	

PRINCIPLE 5 – UPHOLD INTEGRITY IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

5.1 Compliance and Applicable Financial Reporting Standards

The Audit Committee was established on 8 April 2004 to review and monitor the Group's financial results and system of internal controls. During the year under review, the Committee comprised of the following Independent Non-Executive Directors.

The attendances of Members at the Audit Committee held in 2015 are reflected as follows;

Name of Committee Members	Designation	No. of Meetings Attended
Choh Kim Peng (Appointed on 1 April 2015)	Chairman Independent Non-Executive Director	4/4
Ng Wee Peng	Member Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5
Chin Yoon Siong	Member Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5
Datuk Tan Choon Hwa, JP, JMK	Member Independent Non-Executive Director	4/5

PRINCIPLE 5 - UPHOLD INTEGRITY IN FINANCIAL REPORTING cont'd

5.2 Assessment of Sustainability and Independence of Auditors

Audit Committee will review and monitor the suitability and independent of external auditors. The independence of external auditors can be impaired by the provision of non-audit services to the Group. Details of the functions and activities of the Committee are set out on pages 24 to 27 of the Annual Report.

PRINCIPLE 6 – RECOGNIZE AND MANAGE RISKS

6.1 Framework of Managing Risks

The Risk Management Committee was established in year 2005 by the Board to undertake the responsibilities of overseeing the formulation of an effective and efficient risk management framework and policies for the Company and its subsidiaries of which the key element is to ensure correct balance of risk and control.

The Committee is under the purview of the Board. The Committee comprises of members amongst the senior management and is headed by Executive Director, Mr Tan Kian Hong are actively involved in the day to day operations of business and have regular discussions with the senior management.

6.2 Internal Audit Function

The internal audit function was carried out internally during the financial year ended 31 December 2015. The internal audit function is to provide an independent assurance to the Board. The responsibilities of the internal auditors are to assist the Audit Committee in discharging its responsibilities to review the adequacy and the integrity of the Group's internal control system and the management information systems including system for compliance with applicable law and regulations.

PRINCIPLE 7 – ENSURE TIMELY AND HIGH QUALITY DISCLOSURE

7.1 Corporate Disclosure Policies

The Board strives to comply with corporate disclosure requirements set by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and follows the main forms of information disclosure:

- a. Continuous disclosure which is its core disclosure obligation and primary method of informing the market and shareholders.
- b. Periodical disclosure in the form of full year and quarterly reporting of financial results and major investments, capital expenditure and funding activities proposed by the Company and the Annual Report.
- c. Specific information disclosure as and when required, of administrative and corporate developments, usually in the form of Bursa releases.

All information made available to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad is immediately available to shareholders, stakeholders and the public on the Company's Investor Relations section of the website: www.metronic-group.com

7.2 Leverage on Information Technology for Effective Dissemination of Information

The Board continues use of information technology to dissemination information to shareholders. A designated website for investor relations is developed and maintained by IT professional to ensure the website are secure and up to date. The website has a dedicated section to provide information such as announcements made to Bursa Securities and copies of the annual report. The Company maintains a corporate website (www.metronic-group.com) to allow public access to the Group's information, business activities and latest developments, as well as to provide feedback.

PRINCIPLE 8 – STRENGTHEN RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN COMPANY AND SHAREHOLDERS

8.1 Shareholder Participation at General Meeting

The Group values dialogue with investors and analyst as a means of effective communication that enables the Board to convey information about latest development of the Group.

The Company's Annual Meeting provides a vital platform for both private and institutional shareholders to share viewpoints and acquire information on issue relevant to the Group. At the Annual General Meeting, shareholders are encouraged to question resolutions proposed or to seek more information on the Group's business operations in general. The Chairman and other member of the Board together with the Company's auditors will be in attendance to provide explanation to all shareholders' queries.

8.2 Encourage Poll Voting

The Board encourage poll voting to effect substantive resolutions and make announcement of detailed results showing the number of votes cast for and against each resolution. The Board also encourages the use of electronic means for poll voting.

8.3 Communication and Engagements with shareholders

Information on the Group's activities is provided in the Annual Report and Financial Statements in hard copy, which are despatched to shareholders.

The Company also encourages the shareholders and investors to participate in online access of the company's Annual Report and all up to date announcement from time to time, which are make available instantly at both Bursa Securities and the company's website at www.metronic-group.com.

Investors and the public who wish to contact the Group on any enquiry, comment or proposal can channel them through e-mail or contact the following person:-

Name: Vincent Set Hin FookContact number: 03-78472111E-mail Address: vincent.set@metronic-group.com

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

a) Financial Reporting

The Board ensured that the financial statements have been prepared in accordance to the applicable approved accounting standards, the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 and other regulatory provisions. In preparing the financial statements, the Board has ascertained that judgments and estimates made are reasonable and prudent, and appropriate accounting policies have been adopted and applied consistently.

The Board takes due care and responsibilities for presenting a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's financial performance and prospects in respect of all quarterly results, annual financial statements and announcements issued by the Company. The Board is assisted by the Audit Committee to scrutinize information for disclosure to ensure its timeliness, accuracy, adequacy and compliance to the appropriate accounting standards.

b) Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board establishes that the internal audit function reports directly to the Audit Committee.

The Statement of Risk Management and Internal Control provides an overview of the states of internal control within the Group.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT cont'd

c) Directors' Responsibilities Statement for the Financial Statements

Through the Audit Committee, the Board has established a transparent and appropriate relationship with the Group's external and internal auditors in seeking their professional advice and toward ensuring compliance with applicable accounting standards and statutory requirements. The external and internal auditors do report to members of the Company on their findings which are included as part of the Company's financial report in respect of the financial year.

The Directors are required by the Company Act 1965 to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of the Company and the Group and their results and cash flows for that year.

In preparing those financial statements, the Directors are required to-

- a) Use appropriate accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- b) Make judgment and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- c) State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and;
- d) Prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept, and disclosed with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Company and Group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Company Act, 1965.

The Directors are satisfied that in preparing the financial statements of the Company and Group for the year ended 31 December 2015, the Company and Group have used the appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently. The Directors are the opinion that all relevant approved accounting standards have been followed and confirm that the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

a) Safety and Health

The Group is committed to provide a safe and healthy working environment for employees in the Group under the requirements of International for Standardization (ISO). Internal Audit is being carried out periodically to ensure continuous adherence to all safety measures is being observed.

b) Skill Development

The Group strives to motivate and retain the best employees through continuous training by sending them to attend courses and seminars relevant to their job functions to improve their knowledge and skills. During the year under review, the Group utilized Human Resources Development Fund for selective training to enhance employees' technical and soft skills. It is the Group aspiration that employees of the Group become respected and responsible citizens of society as well as leaders in their respective fields of specializations

c) Workers' welfare

The Group is a multi-racial organization. To promote closer working relationship and foster better understanding among the multi-racial employees, the Group provided opportunities for the employees from different departments and levels to interact, integrate and develop teamwork through sport activities and company trips

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY cont'd

d) The Environment

The Group recognizes the importance of environmental conservation. The Group has adopted eco-friendly practices in its day to day work in order to minimize the impact of environment. For example, waste and construction debris were disposed at approved dumpsites. Staff and clients are encouraged to fully maximize the benefits of IOT (eg: email instant messaging etc) for communication. The group has also implemented recycling of used paper and promoting good practices on energy saving by switching off unused equipments and lightings via Intelligent Building Management System.

e) Dynamic and High Performance Workforce

The Company places great importance on hiring the right candidate for the right job. As the Company go forwards it will continue to focus on attracting quality talent who best fit on job requirements and complement it work culture. The Company firmly believe that by aligning its recruitment strategies, the Company will continue to attract the best talent to further enhance the Company's value and achievements.

At our Group level, our male and female employee's ratio shows a distribution of 83:17 as at 31 December 2015, as compared to 82:18 at 31 December 2014. Our total staff strength stood at 167 as at 31 December 2015, as compared to 141 as at 31 December 2014.

f) Workforce Diversity

The Board is committed in recognising and utilising the contribution of diverse skills and talent from its directors, officiers and employees as a mean of enhancing the Group's performance. Diversity may result from wide range of factors which include age, gender, ethnicity or cultural background.

The Board is actively managing its workforce diversity to ensure equal employment opportunity regardless of genders. It foster the environment where the ability to contribute and access employment opportunities is based on performance, skills and merits. These will include equal opportunity in respect to employment and employment conditions such as hiring, training for professional development and promotion for career advancement.

As at the reporting date, the Board has not set a gender diversity target, however, it is moving towards a more gender equality of employees. It will focus on getting the participation of woman and those of different ethnicity on its Board and within senior management and the person selected must be able to contribute positively to the development of the Group.

OTHER INFORMATION

Share Buybacks

During the financial year, there were no share buybacks by the Company.

Options, Warrants or Convertible Securities

During the financial year, no options, warrants or convertible securities were issued by the Company.

Imposition of Sanctions/Penalties

There were no sanctions and/or penalties imposed on the Company and its subsidiaries, Directors or management by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year.

Non-audit Fees

The amount of non-audit fees payable to the external auditors by the Group in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2015 is RM8,000.

Variation in Results

There is no material variance between the audited results and the previously announced unaudited results for the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

Profit Guarantees

During the financial year, there were no profit guarantees given by the Company.

Material Contracts

There were no material contracts involving the interest of the Directors and major shareholders of the Company during the financial year.

Contract Relating to Loans

There were no contracts relating to loans by the Company and its subsidiaries in respect of the preceding item.

STATEMENT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF BURSA MALAYSIA IN RELATION TO APPLICATION OF PRINCIPLES AND ADOPTION OF BEST PRACTISES LAID DOWN IN THE MALAYSIAN CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board is pleased to report to its shareholders that the Group has substantially complied with and shall remain committed to attaining the highest possible standards through the continued adoption of the best practises as stipulated in the Principles and Recommendations of the MCCG 2012 and all other applicable laws.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with their resolution dated 25 March 2016.

The Audit Committee of Metronic Global Berhad ("MGB" or "the Company") was established by a resolution of the Board of Directors ("the Board") on 8 April 2004. The Committee, operating within a specific terms of reference was established to assist the Board of the Company in discharging their duties and responsibilities.

The Audit Committee meets regularly with the senior management and the internal and external auditors to review the Group's operations, financial reports and the system of internal controls and compliance.

A. MEMBERS

The Members of the Audit Committee during the financial year ended 31 December 2015 up to present are as follows :-

Members	Designation
Choh Kim Peng (Appointed on 1 April 2015)	Chairman Independent Non-Executive Director
Ng Wee Peng	Member Independent Non-Executive Chairman
Datuk Tan Choon Hwa, JP, JMK	Member Independent Non-Executive Director
Chin Yoon Siong	Member Independent Non-Executive Director

B. TERMS OF REFERENCE

The Audit Committee is governed by the following terms of reference:

1) Composition

The Audit Committee shall be appointed by the Board from amongst their members and shall comprise at least three directors, all of whom must be non-executive directors, with a majority of them being independent directors. The Chairman who shall be elected from amongst members of Committee, shall be an independent Non-Executive Director. The Board shall at all times ensure that the Audit Committee should be financial literate and at least one member of the Committee must be a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA"). If he is not a member of MIA, he must fulfill such other requirements as prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities").

No alternative director may be appointed as a member of the Committee.

In the event of any vacancy in the Committee resulting in the number being reduced to below three, the Board shall within three months of that event fill the vacancy.

The Board will review the terms of the office and the performance of the Committee and its members at least once every 3 years.

2) Objective

The primary objective of the Committee is to assist the Board in the effective discharge of its fiduciary responsibilities in the following aspects:

- Review the adequacy and integrity of the Group's internal control systems, management information system including system of compliance with applicable laws, regulations, rules, directives and guidelines.
- ii) Ensure that the risk management framework to manage material risk is in place and adhered to.
- iii) Oversee financial reporting and evaluate the internal and external audit processes.

B. TERMS OF REFERENCE cont'd

3) Authority

The Committee is authorized to investigate any matter within its terms of reference with full and unrestricted access to both internal and external auditors and all the Group's records, properties and personnel.

The Committee is authorized and shall be entitled to obtain external legal and other independent professional advice to assist in executing its duties.

4) Meeting

The Committee shall meet at least four (4) times a year to coincide with the review of the quarterly and annual financial statements prior to presentation to the Board for approval. Additional meetings may be called as and when necessary at the discretion of the Chairman of the Committee.

In order to form a quorum, the majority of members present must be independent non-executive directors. Other members of the Board and Senior Management, Internal and External Auditors may attend meetings upon invitation by the Committee.

The Company Secretary is the Secretary of the Committee and shall be responsible for drawing up the agenda with the consent of the Chairman. The agenda together with the relevant documents shall be circulated to the committee members, one week prior to each meeting. The Company Secretary shall be responsible for recording attendance, keeping minutes of meetings and circulating to committee members and members of the Board.

The Audit Committee met 5 times during the financial year. The Audit Committee met twice with the external auditors without the presence of management during the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

5) Duties and Responsibilities

In fulfilling its primary objectives, the Committee shall undertake the following duties and responsibilities:

- i) Review with the external auditors, the audit scope and plan, including any changes to the audit plan and scope.Review the adequacy of the internal audit scope and plan, as well as the functions, competency and resource of the internal audit function and that it has the necessary authority to carry out its work.
- ii) Review the independence and objectivity of the external auditors and their services, including non-audit services and the professional fees, so as to ensure a proper balance between objectivity and value for money.
- iii) Review the appointment and performance of external auditors, the audit fee and any question of resignation or dismissal before making recommendations to the Board.
- iv) Review the quarterly results and the year-end financial statements, prior to the approval by the Board focusing particularly on:
 - Changes in or implementation of major accounting policies.
 - Significant or unusual events
 - Significant adjustments from audit and
 - Compliance with accounting standards and other legal requirements
- v) Review the external and internal audit reports to ensure that appropriate and prompt remedial actions are taken by the management on major deficiencies in controls or procedures that are identified.
- vi) Review the major audit findings and the management's responses during the year with the management, internal and external auditors, including the status of previous audit recommendations.
- vii) Review the assistance given by the Group's employees to both the internal and external auditors, and any difficulties encountered in the course of the audit work, including any restrictions on the scope of activities or access to required information.
- viii) Review the adequacy and integrity of internal control systems, including enterprise risk management information system, and the internal or external auditor's evaluation of the said systems.
- ix) Direct and where appropriate monitor any special projects or investigation considered necessary, and review investigation reports on any major defalcations, frauds and thefts.

B. TERMS OF REFERENCE cont'd

5) Duties and Responsibilities cont'd

- x) Discuss problems and reservations arising from the interim and final audit, and any matter the external auditors may wish to discuss (in the absence of management where necessary)
- xi) Review the appointment and performance of internal auditors.
- xii) Review any related party transactions and conflict of interest situations that may arise within the Company or the Group, including any transaction, procedure or course of conduct that raisesquestions on management's integrity.
- xiii) Monitor organizational compliance with statutory and Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities and other legislative and reporting requirements.
- xiv) Any other activities, as authorized by the Board.

C. SUMMARY OF AUDIT COMMITTEE'S ACTIVITIES

During the financial year ended 31 December 2015, the Audit Committee convened 5 meetings. Details of the attendance of the Committee members are as follows:

Name of Committee Members	Designation	No. of Meetings Attended
Choh Kim Peng (Appointed on 1 April 2015)	Chairman Independent Non-Executive Director	4/4
Ng Wee Peng	Member Independent Non-Executive Chairman	5/5
Datuk Tan ChoonHwa, JP, JMK	Member Independent Non-Executive Director	4/5
Chin Yoon Siong	Member Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5

The meetings were appropriately held and sufficient notice issued to the members.

In line with the terms of reference, the following activities were carried out by the Audit Committee during the financial year under review:

- i) Reviewed unaudited quarterly financial results of the Company including the announcements pertaining thereto prior to submission to the Board for the consideration and approval.
- ii) Reviewed the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 and issues arising from the audited thereof prior to submission to the Board for consideration and approval.
- iii) Reviewed the audit plan presented by the external auditors prior to their annual report as to their scope of work and strategy.
- iv) Reviewed matters arising from the statutory audit of the Group in a meeting with the External Auditors without the presence of any executive officer of the Group.
- v) Reviewed the annual audit plan prepared by the internal auditors to ensure adequate scope and coverage on their activities.
- vi) Reviewed internal audit report prepared by the internal auditors especially with regards to issues raised, recommendations made and management's response to their recommendations.
- vii) Reviewed the risk assessment reports prepared by the internal auditors and the recommendations made.
- viii) Reviewed all related party transactions and recurrent related party transactions that arose within the Group on a quarterly basis to ensure that they are within the mandate obtained.
- ix) Reviewed the performance of the internal and external auditors and made recommendations to the Board on their reappointment and remuneration.
- x) Reviewed the Audit Committee's Report, Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control and Statement of Corporate Governance and its recommendations to the Board for inclusion in the Annual Report.

D. INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Group carried out the internal audit function internally during the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

The role and responsibilities of the internal audit function are as follows:

- i) To undertake independent and regular reviews of the system of internal controls and give assurance that such system continues to operate satisfactorily and effectively.
- ii) To review the risk identification and evaluation process and ensure controls implemented by the management are consistent with Groups risk management policy.

The Internal Auditors have carried out their duties in accordance with its terms of reference and the annual audit plan was approved by the Audit Committee and the Board.

The total cost incurred for the internal audit function which mainly consisted of ISO 9001:2008 Quality Management System Certification was RM4,848.00 for the financial year 2015.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board of Directors ("the Board") is pleased to provide the following Statement on Internal Control pursuant to paragraph 15.26(b) of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements. The Statement on Internal Control below outlines the nature and scope of internal controls of Metronic Global Berhad and its subsidiaries ("the Group") during the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

1. Board's Responsibility

The Board recognizes the importance of sound internal controls and risk management practice for good corporate governance. The Board affirms its overall responsibility for the Group's system of internal control ("the System") which includes establishment of an appropriate control environment and framework as well as reviewing its adequacy and integrity.

Nevertheless, the Board recognizes that the Group's system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve the Group's business objectives in view of the limitations inherent in any internal control system. Accordingly, the System can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement and loss.

2. Risk Management Framework

The Board confirms that there is an on-going process of reviewing, identifying, evaluating and managing significant risks faced by the Group. Risk assessment and evaluation are integral part of the Group's business and operating processes. The daily running of the business is entrusted to the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), Executive Director ("ED") and their management team. Under the purview of the GMD and ED, the respective Head of each operating subsidiary is responsible for managing the risks of the operating subsidiary, and the Head of Departments with each operating subsidiary is responsible for managing the risk of his/ her respective department as part of their day-to-day duties.

3. Internal Audit Function

The internal audit function was carried out internally during the financial year ended 31 December 2015. The internal auditors adopted a risk-based approach and prepared the audit plan based on the risk profile of the Group. The internal auditors provided independent reviews on risk management and control processes implemented by the management and reported to the Audit Committee which reviewed the adequacy, integrity and effectiveness of the system of internal control.

The findings of internal audit were communicated to the management of the Group and the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee reviewed the reports from internal auditors and responses from the management before reporting the findings and making recommendations to the Board in strengthening the system on internal control.

4. Other Internal Control Process

Apart from risk management and internal audit, the Group's other key control processes include the following:

- i) There is an organization structure with well defined reporting lines of responsibility and accountability and delegation of authority.
- ii) Documented policies and procedures are updated regularly to reflect changing operation al risks. The Board approves appropriate responses or amendments in the Group policies.
- iii) The Audit Committee comprises four (4) Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Audit Committee was established with a view to assist the Board in the effective discharge of its fiduciary responsibility in respect of the Group's Internal Control Systems, risk management and financial reporting.
- iv) Quarterly results are reviewed by the Board and the Audit Committee before announcement to the Bursa Securities.
- v) There are management meetings attended by executive directors to discuss and report on operational performance, business strategy, key operating statistics, legal and regulatory matters of each business unit.
- vi) The Group's principal operating subsidiary, Metronic Engineering Sdn Bhd is ISO 9001:2000 accredited. Its employees are guided by the Quality Manual where standard operating procedures are to be followed. In addition to the periodic external ISO audit, internal audit is carried out on semi-annual basis where the findings or issues are documented and deliberated by the management team in the management review meetings.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

5. Review of the Statement by External Auditors

The external auditors have reviewed this Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control for the inclusion in the annual report for the financial year ended 31 December 2015. The external auditors conducted the review in accordance with the "Recommended Practice Guide 5: Guidance for Auditors on the Review of Directors' Statement on Internal Control" ("RPG 5") issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. The review has been conducted to assess whether the Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control is both supported by the documentation prepared by or for the Directors and appropriately reflects the processes the Directors had adopted in reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the system of internal controls for the Group. RPG 5 does not require the external auditors to consider whether the Directors' Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control procedures. RPG 5 also does not require the external auditors to consider whether the external auditors to consider whether the processes described to deal with material internal control aspects of any significant matters disclosed in the annual report will, in fact, mitigate the risks identified or remedy the potential problems. Based on their review, the external auditors have reported to the Board that nothing had come to their attention that caused them to believe that the Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control is inconsistent with their understanding of the process the Board has adopted in the review of the adequacy and integrity of risk management and internal control of the Group.

6. Conclusion

There was no material of significant breakdown or weakness in the system of internal control of the Group that resulted in material losses or contingencies for the year under review. The Board and the management will continually review and improve the existing risk management processes and internal control system to ensure their adequacy and effectiveness in the dynamic business environment.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

40	Statements of Financial Position
43	Statements of Changes in Equity
45	Statements of Cash Flows
47	Notes to the Financial Statements

The directors hereby submit their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are procurement of contracts and system integration specialising in the field of intelligent building management system and integrated security management system, e-project management of mechanical and electrical services, supply of engineering systems and engineering equipment, fertiliser and intelligent healthcare instrument.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in more details in Note 15 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of the principal activities during the financial year.

RESULTS

	Group	Company
	RM	RM
Net profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations	3,260,741	(3,170,270)
Loss for the year from assets held for sale, net of tax	799,937	-
Net profit/(loss) for the year	4,060,678	(3,170,270)
Net profit/(loss) attributable to:		
Owners of the parent	3,972,685	(3,170,270)
Non-controlling interests	87,993	-
Net profit/(loss) for the year	4,060,678	(3,170,270)

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

In the opinion of the directors, the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

ISSUE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

On 25 June 2015, the Company increased its paid up capital from RM69,839,750 to RM75,839,750 by an allotment of 60,000,000 ordinary shares of RM 0.10 each at par for cash via a private placement and for the purpose of increasing the working capital.

These new shares rank pari passu with the existing shares of the Company.

The Company did not issue any debentures during the financial year.

DIVIDENDS

There were no dividends paid by the Company since the end of 31 December 2014.

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the current financial year ended 31 December 2015.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company in office since the date of last report and at the date of this report are:

Tan Kian Hong Ng Wee Peng Datuk Tan Choon Hwa, JP, JMK Chin Yoon Siong Choh Kim Peng

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Neither at the end of the financial year, nor at any time during that year, did there subsist any arrangement to which the Company was a party, whereby the directors might acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director has received or become entitled to receive a benefit (other than benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by the directors or the fixed salary of a full-time employee as shown in Note 8(b) to the financial statements) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with any director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a company in which he has a substantial financial interest required to be disclosed by Section 169 (8) of the Companies Act, 1965, other than as disclosed in Note 31 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

According to the register of directors' shareholdings, the interests of directors in office at the end of the financial year in shares in the Company or its related corporation during the financial year were as follows:

		Ordinary shares of RM0.10 each			
	As at	During the year		As at	
	1.1.2015	Bought	Sold	31.12.2015	
The Company					
Direct Interest:					
Tan Kian Hong	24,405,400	18,350,200	(2,606,000)	40,149,600	
Indirect Interest:					
Ng Wee Peng	600,000	-	(600,000)	-	

The other directors in office at 31 December 2015 had no interest in the ordinary shares in the Company or its related corporations during the financial year.

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

- (a) Before the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps:
 - to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of provisions for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate provision had been made for doubtful debts; and
 - (ii) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their value as shown in the accounting records in the ordinary course of business had been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION cont'd

- (b) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render:
 - (i) the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the provisions for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent; and
 - (ii) the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.
- (c) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.
- (d) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or financial statements of the Group and of the Company which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.
- (e) As at the date of this report, there does not exist:
 - (i) any charge on the assets of the Group and of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
 - (ii) any contingent liability in respect of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (f) In the opinion of the directors:
 - no contingent or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet its obligations as and when they fall due; and
 - (ii) no item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.
- (g) The Board would like to draw attention to the following matters
 - (i) In Note 17 to the financial statements, included in the assets available for sale, the Company's investment in Unilink Development Limited ("investee") was diluted as a result of new shares issued from the exercise of option to convert the outstanding loan by Zonemax Holdings Limited in the investee company in the financial year ended 31 December 2011.

Since the dilution, the Company has no significant influence over the investee company and not able to account for its results under the equity method and no timely financial reports are available thereon. The directors has intention to dispose off the investment. The Group and Company's investment were reclassified to available for sale financial assets since 2011.

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION cont'd

- (g) The Board would like to draw attention to the following matters cont'd
 - (i) The management are unable to get the latest management/audited financial statements of the investee as at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 to supports its cost of investment and its fair value as required under MFRS 136.

In the financial year ended 31 December 2013, the Group and the Company had impaired the investee for RM 11,086,520.

In the current financial year, the Group and the Company further impaired the investee for RM 2,305,981 and RM 652,425 respectively.

The net carrying amount as at 31 December 2015 for the Group and the Company are RM 2,400,000 (2014: RM 4,705,981) and RM 2,400,000 (2014: RM 3,052,425) respectively.

The management assessed the net carrying amount using the management accounts available to the Company and its expected realisable value.

(ii) There is a deposit of RM3,000,000 for the joint venture between M One Country Development Sdn. Bhd. ("MOCD" or "developer"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Metronic and Northern Paradise Sdn. Bhd. ("landowner") for the development on various parcels of leasehold land measuring approximately 0.5591 acres in the district of Kuala Lumpur.

This deposit is a payment to landowner to secure the original land titles. The land titles will be used as collateral to finance the joint venture project. This deposit shall form part of the Landowner's entitlement under the joint venture agreement.

If the Company fails to submit the applications for the approvals within one (1) year period as provided in the agreement, the Landowner's shall be entitled to forfeit the initial deposit only and shall refund or return to the Company the second deposit or any part thereof which has been paid to the Landowner's.

On 13 October 2014, the Company had extended the application for three (3) years from the date of this Agreement.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Significant events during financial year are disclosed in Note 38 to the financial statements.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Messrs CHI-LLTC have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors,

Ng Wee Peng

Tan Kian Hong

Kuala Lumpur

Dated: 29 March 2016

STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS

PURSUANT TO SECTION 169(15) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1965

We, Ng Wee Peng and Tan Kian Hong, being the directors of Metronic Global Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the directors, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 39 to 107 are drawn up in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act,1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at **31 December 2015** and of the results and the cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended.

The information set out in Note 39 to the financial statements has been prepared in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors,

Ng Wee Peng

Tan Kian Hong

Kuala Lumpur

Dated: 29 March 2016

STATUTORY DECLARATION

PURSUANT TO SECTION 169(16) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1965

I, Eric Boon Chuan Kit, being the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of Metronic Global Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 39 to 108 are in my opinion, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovementioned, Eric Boon Chuan Kit at Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan on **29 March 2016**

Eric Boon Chuan Kit

Before me,) No. W 586
Commissioner for Oaths)) Palaniappan A/L Sellappan

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBER OF METRONIC GLOBAL BERHAD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the financial statements of Metronic Global Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2015 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as set out on pages 39 to 107.

Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements so as to give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. The director are also responsible and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2015 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:

- (a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries of which we have acted as auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- (b) We have considered the financial statements and the auditors' reports of all the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, which are indicated in Note 15 to the financial statements, being financial statements that have been included in the consolidated financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBER OF METRONIC GLOBAL BERHAD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA) CONT'D

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS cont'd

- (c) We are satified that the financial statements of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the financial statements of the Company are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- (d) The auditors' reports on the financial statements of the subsidiaries were not subject to any qualification and for those subsidiaries incorporated in Malaysia, did not include any comment required to be made under Section 174(3) of the Acts.

OTHER REPORTING RESPONSIBILITIES

The supplementary information set out in **Note 39** is disclosed to meet the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The directors are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA Guidance") and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. In our opinion, the supplementary information is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the MIA Guidance and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

CHI-LLTC AF: 1114 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Dated: 29 March 2016

Chong Sai Sin Partner - 2398/06/17(J) Chartered Accountant

STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

Group Company Note 2015 2014 2015 2014 RM RM RM RM **Continuing operations** Revenue 4 36,335,423 33,056,700 Cost of sales 5 (22, 409, 186)(21, 167, 699)Gross profit 13,926,237 11,889,001 6 1,005,779 Other income 7,541,212 2,651,798 1,155,177 Administration expenses (2,729,455)(2,052,668)(504, 545)(1,281,595)Other operating expenses (14, 740, 763)(10,375,814)(3,820,902) (710, 123)Profit/(Loss) from operations 3,997,231 2,112,317 (3, 170, 270)(985, 939)Finance costs (494,069)(256, 125)7 -8 Profit/(Loss) before taxation 3,503,162 1,856,192 (3, 170, 270)(985, 939)9 Income tax expenses (242, 421)(569, 642)_ -Profit/(Loss) for the year - continuing operations 3,260,741 1,286,550 (3, 170, 270)(985, 939)Profit/(Loss) from assets held for sale and discontinued operations, net of tax 26 799,937 (45, 478)Net profit/(loss) for the year (985, 939)4,060,678 1,241,072 (3, 170, 270)Other comprehensive income: Available-for-sale financial assets - fair value (314, 823)(314, 823)17 changes Foreign currency translation 63,191 (669,001)_ Total other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of tax (983, 824)(314, 823)63.191 -Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, 4,123,869 257,248 (3, 170, 270)(1,300,762)net of tax Profit/(Loss) attributable to: Owners of the parent 3,972,685 1,241,072 (3, 170, 270)(985, 939)87,993 Non-controlling interests 4,060,678 1,241,072 (3,170,270) (985, 939)Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to: 4,035,876 257,248 (3, 170, 270)(1, 300, 762)Owners of the parent 87,993 Non-controlling interests 4,123,869 257,248 (3, 170, 270)(1, 300, 762)Profit per share (sen): Basic/diluted earnings 0.54 0.18 10 per share - sen

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

			Group
	Note	2015	2014
		RM	RM
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	12	23,877,336	23,217,462
Investment properties	13	347,842	357,869
Land held for property development	14	161,403	-
Available-for-sale financial assets	17	9,058,421	15,122,070
Other investments	18	-	94,000
Deferred tax assets	19	7,257,642	7,438,823
	-	40,702,644	46,230,224
Current assets			
Property development cost	20	10,788,243	-
Inventories	21	4,041,446	3,859,545
Trade receivables	22	19,422,669	7,374,465
Other receivables	22	7,330,236	3,296,530
Tax recoverable		133,068	34,261
Short term deposits	24	4,710,666	4,945,951
Cash and bank balances	25	509,199	1,674,048
	_	46,935,527	21,184,800
Assets classified as held for sale	26	4,308,897	3,731,588
		51,244,424	24,916,388
Total assets		91,947,068	71,146,612

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

Note 2015 2014 RM Equity and liabilities Equity and liabilities RM RM Equity and liabilities Equity attributable to owners of the company Share capital 7 75,839,750 69,839,750 Revaluation reserve 28 13,113,034 13,113,034 13,113,034 Foreign currency translation reserve 28 270,323 207,132 Available-for-sale reserve 28 270,323 207,132 Available-for-sale reserve 28 270,233 207,132 Available-for-sale reserve 28 270,233 207,132 Available-for-sale reserve 28 270,233 207,132 Accumulated losses (32,064,549) (36,037,234) Total equity 57,546,551 47,122,682 Non-current liabilities 87,993 - Loans and borrowings 29 263,226 316,338 Other payables 30 16,183,538 5,858,623 Other payables 30 14,426,965 10,650,841 Loans and borrowings				Group
Equity and liabilities Equity attributable to owners of the company Share capital 27 75,839,750 69,839,750 Revaluation reserve 28 13,113,034 13,113,034 Foreign currency translation reserve 28 270,323 207,132 Available-for-sale reserve 28 270,323 207,132 Available-for-sale reserve 28 - - Accumulated losses (32,064,549) (36,037,234) Non-controlling interests 87,993 - Total equity 57,246,551 47,122,682 Non-current liabilities 2 263,226 316,338 Loans and borrowings 29 263,226 316,338 Current liabilities 30 16,183,538 5,858,623 Other payables 30 14,426,965 10,650,841 Loans and borrowings 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 32,337,098 22,121,968 32,337,098 22,121,968 Liabilities associated with assets 23,37,093 1,585,624 cl		Note	2015	2014
Equity attributable to owners of the company 27 75,839,750 69,839,750 Revaluation reserve 28 13,113,034 13,113,034 Foreign currency translation reserve 28 270,323 207,132 Available-for-sale reserve 28 270,323 207,132 Available-for-sale reserve 28 - - Accumulated losses (32,064,549) (36,037,234) 57,158,558 47,122,682 Non-controlling interests 87,993 - Total equity 57,246,551 47,122,682 Non-current liabilities 263,226 316,338 Loans and borrowings 29 263,226 316,338 Current liabilities 2 263,226 316,338 Current liabilities 30 16,183,538 5,858,623 Other payables 30 16,183,538 5,858,623 Other payables 30 14,426,965 10,650,841 Loans and borrowings 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 23,337,098 22,121,968 21,9			RM	RM
Share capital 27 75,839,750 69,839,750 Revaluation reserve 28 13,113,034 13,113,034 Foreign currency translation reserve 28 270,323 207,132 Available-for-sale reserve 28 270,323 207,132 Available-for-sale reserve 28 - - Accumulated losses (32,064,549) (36,037,234) 57,158,558 47,122,682 Non-controlling interests 87,993 - - - Total equity 57,246,551 47,122,682 - - Non-current liabilities 29 263,226 316,338 - - Loans and borrowings 29 263,226 316,338 - - Current liabilities 30 16,183,538 5,858,623 - - Other payables 30 16,183,538 5,858,623 - - - Liabilities associated with assets 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 - - Liabilities 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 - - - Li	Equity and liabilities			
Revaluation reserve 28 13,113,034 13,113,034 Foreign currency translation reserve 28 270,323 207,132 Available-for-sale reserve 28 270,323 207,132 Accumulated losses (32,064,549) (36,037,234) Foreign currency translation reserve 28 7,158,558 47,122,682 Non-controlling interests 87,993 - Total equity 57,246,551 47,122,682 Non-current liabilities 263,226 316,338 Loans and borrowings 29 263,226 316,338 Other payables 30 16,183,538 5,858,623 Other payables 30 14,426,965 10,650,841 Loans and borrowings 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 30 14,426,965 10,650,841 10,650,841 Loans and borrowings 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 32,337,098 22,121,968 32,337,098 22,121,968 Liabilities 34,700,517 24,023,930 34,700,517	Equity attributable to owners of the company			
Foreign currency translation reserve 28 270,323 207,132 Available-for-sale reserve 28 - - Accumulated losses (32,064,549) (36,037,234) Non-controlling interests 87,993 - Total equity 57,246,551 47,122,682 Non-current liabilities 87,993 - Loans and borrowings 29 263,226 316,338 263,226 316,338 263,226 316,338 Other payables 30 16,183,538 5,858,623 Other payables 30 14,426,965 10,650,841 Loans and borrowings 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 32,337,098 22,121,968 32,337,098 22,121,968 Liabilities associated with assets 26 2,100,193 1,585,624 classified as held for sale 26 2,100,193 1,585,624 Total liabilities 34,700,517 24,023,930	Share capital	27	75,839,750	69,839,750
Available-for-sale reserve 28 - - Accumulated losses (32,064,549) (36,037,234) Non-controlling interests 57,158,558 47,122,682 Non-controlling interests 87,993 - Total equity 57,246,551 47,122,682 Non-current liabilities 29 263,226 316,338 Loans and borrowings 29 263,226 316,338 Current liabilities 2 263,226 316,338 Trade payables 30 16,183,538 5,858,623 Other payables 30 14,426,965 10,650,841 Loans and borrowings 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 32,337,098 22,121,968 32,337,098 22,121,968 Liabilities 32,30,098 22,121,968 34,700,517 Liabilities 34,700,517 24,023,930	Revaluation reserve	28	13,113,034	13,113,034
Accumulated losses (32,064,549) (36,037,234) Non-controlling interests 57,158,558 47,122,682 Non-current liabilities 57,246,551 47,122,682 Loans and borrowings 29 263,226 316,338 Current liabilities 263,226 316,338 Current liabilities 263,226 316,338 Current liabilities 16,183,538 5,858,623 Other payables 30 16,183,538 5,858,623 Other payables 30 14,426,965 10,650,841 Loans and borrowings 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 32,337,098 22,121,968 22,121,968 22,121,968 Liabilities 26 2,100,193 1,585,624 Total liabilities 26 2,100,193 1,585,624	Foreign currency translation reserve	28	270,323	207,132
Non-controlling interests $47,122,682$ Non-current liabilities $57,246,551$ $47,122,682$ Non-current liabilities 29 $263,226$ $316,338$ Loans and borrowings 29 $263,226$ $316,338$ Current liabilities $263,226$ $316,338$ Current liabilities $263,226$ $316,338$ Current liabilities 30 $16,183,538$ $5,858,623$ Other payables 30 $16,183,538$ $5,858,623$ Other payables 30 $14,426,965$ $10,650,841$ Loans and borrowings 29 $1,726,595$ $5,612,504$ Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale 26 $2,100,193$ $1,585,624$ Total liabilities $34,700,517$ $24,023,930$	Available-for-sale reserve	28	-	-
Non-controlling interests 87,993 - Total equity 57,246,551 47,122,682 Non-current liabilities 29 263,226 316,338 Loans and borrowings 29 263,226 316,338 Current liabilities 263,226 316,338 Trade payables 30 16,183,538 5,858,623 Other payables 30 14,426,965 10,650,841 Loans and borrowings 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 Liabilities associated with assets 22,337,098 22,121,968 Liabilities associated with assets 26 2,100,193 1,585,624 Total liabilities 34,700,517 24,023,930	Accumulated losses		(32,064,549)	(36,037,234)
Total equity 57,246,551 47,122,682 Non-current liabilities 29 263,226 316,338 Loans and borrowings 29 263,226 316,338 Current liabilities 20 263,226 316,338 Trade payables 30 16,183,538 5,858,623 Other payables 30 14,426,965 10,650,841 Loans and borrowings 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 32,337,098 22,121,968 22,121,968 Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale 26 2,100,193 1,585,624 Total liabilities 34,700,517 24,023,930 34,700,517 24,023,930			57,158,558	47,122,682
Non-current liabilities 29 $263,226$ $316,338$ Loans and borrowings 29 $263,226$ $316,338$ Current liabilities 20 $263,226$ $316,338$ Trade payables 30 $16,183,538$ $5,858,623$ Other payables 30 $14,426,965$ $10,650,841$ Loans and borrowings 29 $1,726,595$ $5,612,504$ 32,337,098 $22,121,968$ 22 Liabilities associated with assets 26 $2,100,193$ $1,585,624$ Total liabilities $34,700,517$ $24,023,930$	Non-controlling interests		87,993	-
Loans and borrowings 29 263,226 316,338 263,226 316,338 263,226 316,338 263,226 316,338 Current liabilities 30 Trade payables 30 Other payables 30 Loans and borrowings 30 Loans and borrowings 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 32,337,098 22,121,968 Liabilities associated with assets 31,585,624 classified as held for sale 26 2,100,193 1,585,624 34,700,517 24,023,930	Total equity		57,246,551	47,122,682
Current liabilities 263,226 316,338 Trade payables 30 16,183,538 5,858,623 Other payables 30 14,426,965 10,650,841 Loans and borrowings 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 32,337,098 22,121,968 Liabilities associated with assets 26 2,100,193 1,585,624 Total liabilities 34,700,517 24,023,930	Non-current liabilities			
Current liabilities Trade payables 30 16,183,538 5,858,623 Other payables 30 14,426,965 10,650,841 Loans and borrowings 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 32,337,098 22,121,968 Liabilities associated with assets 26 2,100,193 1,585,624 Total liabilities 34,700,517 24,023,930	Loans and borrowings	29	263,226	316,338
Trade payables 30 16,183,538 5,858,623 Other payables 30 14,426,965 10,650,841 Loans and borrowings 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 Ziabilities associated with assets 32,337,098 22,121,968 classified as held for sale 26 2,100,193 1,585,624 Total liabilities 34,700,517 24,023,930			263,226	316,338
Other payables 30 14,426,965 10,650,841 Loans and borrowings 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 32,337,098 22,121,968 Liabilities associated with assets 26 2,100,193 1,585,624 Total liabilities 34,700,517 24,023,930	Current liabilities			
Loans and borrowings 29 1,726,595 5,612,504 32,337,098 22,121,968 Liabilities associated with assets 26 2,100,193 1,585,624 Total liabilities 34,700,517 24,023,930	Trade payables	30	16,183,538	5,858,623
32,337,098 22,121,968 Liabilities associated with assets 26 classified as held for sale 26 Total liabilities 34,700,517 24,023,930	Other payables	30	14,426,965	10,650,841
Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale262,100,1931,585,624Total liabilities34,700,51724,023,930	Loans and borrowings	29	1,726,595	5,612,504
classified as held for sale 26 2,100,193 1,585,624 Total liabilities 34,700,517 24,023,930			32,337,098	22,121,968
Total liabilities 34,700,517 24,023,930	Liabilities associated with assets	-		
	classified as held for sale	26	2,100,193	1,585,624
Total equity and liabilities 91,947,068 71,146,612	Total liabilities	-	34,700,517	24,023,930
	Total equity and liabilities		91,947,068	71,146,612

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

CONT'D

Assets Non-current assets	15 16	2015 RM	2014 RM
Non-current assets		RM	RM
Non-current assets			
Investment in subsidiaries			
	16	35,238,591	36,418,811
Investment in joint venture	10	220,850	220,850
Available-for-sale financial assets	17	9,058,421	13,468,514
Other investments	18	-	-
		44,517,862	50,108,175
Current assets			
Other receivables	22	14,765,773	4,409,489
Tax recoverable		22,259	22,259
Cash and bank balances	25	135,190	50,465
		14,923,222	4,482,213
Total assets		59,441,084	54,590,388
Equity and liabilities			
Equity attributable to owners of the company			
Share capital	27	75,839,750	69,839,750
Available-for-sale reserve	28	-	-
Accumulated losses		(25,348,146)	(22,177,876)
Total equity		50,491,604	47,661,874
Non-current liabilities		-	-
Current liabilities	_		
Other payables	30 _	8,949,480	6,928,514
Total liabilities	_	8,949,480	6,928,514
Total equity and liabilities	_	59,441,084	54,590,388

	•	Attri	ibutable to ov	Attributable to owners of the company	pany			
	·	Non-Dist	Non-Distributable —					
	Share capital RM	Revaluation reserve RM	Foreign currency translation reserve RM	Available-for- sale reserve RM	Accumulated losses RM	Total RM	Non- controlling interests RM	Total equity RM
Group								
At 1 January 2014 Contribution by owners of the Company:	67,090,690	13,113,034	876,133	314,823	(37,278,306)	44,116,374		44,116,374
- Allotment of shares during the year	2,749,060	1	1	1	1	2,749,060	1	2,749,060
Profit after taxation for the year	1	- 1	1	-	1,241,072	1,241,072	1	1,241,072
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax			(669,001)	(314,823)		(983,824)		(983,824)
Total comprehensive income/ (loss)		I.	(669,001)	(314,823)	1,241,072	257,248		257,248
At 31 December 2014	69,839,750	13,113,034	207,132	I	(36,037,234)	47,122,682	T	47,122,682
At 1 January 2015 Contribution by owners of the	69,839,750	13,113,034	207,132	I.	(36,037,234)	47,122,682	I	47,122,682
	6,000,000	1	1	1		6,000,000	1	6,000,000
Profit after taxation for the year					3,972,685	3,972,685	87,993	4,060,678
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax			63,191			63,191		63,191
Total comprehensive income			63,191		3,972,685	4,035,876	87,993	4,123,869
At 31 December 2015	75,839,750	13,113,034	270,323	1	(32,064,549)	57,158,558	87,993	57,246,551

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

CONT'D

	- Non-Dist	ributable —>		
	Share capital	Available- for- sale reserve	Accumulated losses	Total equity
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Company				
At 1 January 2014	67,090,690	314,823	(21,191,937)	46,213,576
Allotment of shares during the year	2,749,060	-	-	2,749,060
Loss after taxation for the year	-	-	(985,939)	(985,939)
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax	-	(314,823)	-	(314,823)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(314,823)	(985,939)	(1,300,762)
At 31 December 2014	69,839,750	-	(22,177,876)	47,661,874
At 1 January 2015	69,839,750	-	(22,177,876)	47,661,874
Allotment of shares during the year	6,000,000	-	-	6,000,000
Loss after taxation for the year	-	-	(3,170,270)	(3,170,270)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	(3,170,270)	(3,170,270)
At 31 December 2015	75,839,750	-	(25,348,146)	50,491,604

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	c	Group	Co	ompany
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit/(Loss) before taxation from:				
Continued Operations	3,503,162	1,856,192	(3,170,270)	(985,939)
Profit/(Loss) from assets held for sale and discontinuedoperations (Note 25)	799,937	(45,478)	-	-
Adjustments for:				
Bad debts written off	-	-	-	853,617
Depreciation of investment properties (Note 13)	10,027	10,027	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment - Continuing operations (Note 12)	619,824	525,906	-	-
Financial guarantee to subsidiary	-	-	1,554,588	(136,108)
(Gain)/Loss on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets (Note 8(a))	38,677	(869,614)	38,677	(869,614)
(Gain)/Loss on unrealised foreign exchange (Note 8(a))	58,639	(4,212)	-	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 8(a))	(1,050)	(2,738)	-	-
Gain on disposal of subsidiary company	-	(425,097)	-	-
Impairment loss/(reversal of impairment loss) on available-for-sale financial assets (Note 8(a))				
- quoted equity	1,589,215	-	1,589,215	-
- unquoted equity	2,305,981	-	652,425	-
Other investment written off	94,000	-	-	-
Reversal of impairment of receivables (Note 22(a))	(4,641,021)	(363,836)	805,704	-
Impairment loss of investment in subsidiaries (Note 8(a))	-	-	(374,367)	38,076
Provision for slow moving inventory (Note 8(a))	198,250	-	-	-
Finance costs (Note 7)	513,498	260,100	-	-
Interest income (Note 6)	(248,433)	(187,758)	(73)	(57)
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes Changes in working capital:	4,840,706	753,492	1,095,899	(1,100,025)
Inventories	(380,151)	(2,080,917)	_	_
Receivables	(22,244,198)	7,815,750	(11,161,988)	4,407,426
Payables	14,042,400	(9,974,980)	2,020,965	(4,730,324)
Net cash used in operations	(3,741,243)	(3,486,655)	(8,045,124)	(1,422,923)
Taxes paid Interests paid	(160,047) (513,498)	(104,791) (260,100)	-	(22,259)
Interests received	(313,498) 248,433	(200,100)	- 73	- 57
Net cash used in operating activities	(4,166,355)	(3,663,788)	(8,045,051)	(1,445,125)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

CONT'D

		Group	С	ompany
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchase of additional shares of available-for-sale financial assets	(4,575,305)	(18,925,704)	(4,512,565)	(18,925,704)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment				
- Continuing operations (Note 12)	(853,336)	(150,074)	-	-
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	6,642,341	18,103,916	6,642,341	18,103,916
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	20,000	41,680	-	-
Subscription of additional shares in subsidiary	-	-	-	(450,000)
Net cash outflow from disposal of subsidiary company (Note 25)	-	(85)	-	-
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	1,233,700	(930,267)	2,129,776	(1,271,788)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Withdrawal of fixed deposits under lien with licensed banks	235,285	109,601	_	-
Drawdown of bankers' acceptances - net	(2,255,740)	140,789	-	-
Proceeds from allotment of shares	6,000,000	2,749,060	6,000,000	2,749,060
Repayment of obligation under finance leases and hire purchase	(106,594)	(111,320)	-	-
Net cash generated from financing activities	3,872,951	2,888,130	6,000,000	2,749,060
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	940,296	(1,705,925)	84,725	32,147
Effects of foreign exchange rate changes	(319,121)	(669,001)	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	(790,463)	1,584,463	50,465	18,318
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year (Note 24)	(169,288)	(790,463)	135,190	50,465
Cash and cash equivalents at the reporting date comprise the following (Note 25):				
Cash and bank balances	509,199	1,674,048	135,190	50,465
Bank overdrafts (Note 29)	(678,487)	(2,464,511)	-	-
	(169,288)	(790,463)	135,190	50,465

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The registered office is located at No. 2-1, Jalan Sri Hartamas 8, Sri Hartamas, 50480, Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan. The principal place of business is located at No.2, Jalan Astaka U8/83, Seksyen U8, Bukit Jelutong, 40150 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are procurement of contracts and system integration specialising in the field of intelligent building management system and integrated security management system, e-project management of mechanical and electrical services, supply of engineering systems and engineering equipment, and provision of online administration services for the healthcare sector.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in more details in Note 15 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of the principal activities during the financial year.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 25 March 2016.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements, other than for financial instruments, have been prepared on the historical cost basis except when otherwise indicated. Certain financial instruments are carried at fair value in accordance with MFRS 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

2.2 Standards issued but not yet effective

The standards and interpretations that are issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Group's and Company's financial statements are disclosed below. The Group and the Company intends to adopt these standards and interpretations, if applicable when they become effective.

The standards and interpretations that are issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Group's and Company's financial statements are disclosed below. The Group and the Company intends to adopt these standards and interpretations, if applicable when they become effective.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

2.2 Standards issued but not yet effective cont'd

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016

Amendment to MFRS 5	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operation (Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle)
Amendment to MFRS 7	Financial Instruments (Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle)
Amendment to MFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements (Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture)
Amendment to MFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements (Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception)
Amendment to MFRS 11	Joint Arrangement (Accounting for Acquisitions of interest in Joint Operations)
Amendment to MFRS 12	Disclosures of Interest in Other Entities (Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception)
Amendment to MFRS 101	Presentation of Financial Statements (Disclosure Initiatives)
Amendment to MFRS 116	Property, Plant and Equipment (Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation)
Amendment to MFRS 116	Property, Plant and Equipment (Bearer Plants)
Amendment to MFRS 119	Employee Benefits (Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle)
Amendment to MFRS 127	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements (Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements)
Amendment to MFRS 128	Investment in Associates (Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture)
Amendment to MFRS 128	Investment in Associates (investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception)
Amendment to MFRS 134	Interim Financial Reporting (Annual improvements to MFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle)
Amendment to MFRS 138	Intangible Assets (Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation
Amendment to MFRS 141	Agriculture - Bearer Plants
MFRS 14	Regulatory Deferred Accounts

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

MFRS 9	Financial Instruments
MFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Directors expect that the adoption of the above standards and interpretations will have no material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application except as discussed below:

MFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement

In November 2014, MASB issued the final version of MFRS 9 Financial Instruments which reflects all phases of the financial instruments project and replaces MFRS 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and all previous versions of MFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. MFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with early application permitted. Restrospective application is required, but comparative information is not compulsory. The adoption of MFRS 9 will have an effect on the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets, but no impact on the classification and measurement of the Group's financial liabilities.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

2.2 Standards issued but not yet effective cont'd

MFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

MFRS 15 establishes a new five-step models that will apply to revenue arising from contracts with customers. MFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including MFRS 118 Revenue, MFRS 111 Construction Contracts and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of MFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue which depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Under MFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

Either a full or modified retrospective application is required for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 with early adoption permitted. The Directors anticipate that the application of MFRS 15 will have a material impact on the amounts reported and disclosures made in the Group's and the Company's financial statements. The Group is currently assessing the impact of MFRS 15 and plans to adopt the new standard on the required effective date.

2.3 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at the reporting date. The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are prepared for the same reporting date as the Company. Consistent accounting policies are applied to like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

All intra-group balances, income and expenses and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

Acquisitions of subsidiaries are accounted for by applying the purchase method. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. Adjustments to those fair values relating to previously held interests are treated as a revaluation and recognised in other comprehensive income. The cost of a business combination is measured as the aggregate of the fair values, at the date of exchange, of the assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination.

Any excess of the cost of business combination over the Group's share in the net fair value of the acquired subsidiary's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities is recorded as goodwill on the statement of financial position. The accounting policy for goodwill is set out in Note 2.12(i). Any excess of the Group's share in the net fair value of the acquired subsidiary's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of business combination represents negative goodwill, which is recognised immediately as income directly in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on the date of acquisition.

When the Group acquires a business, embedded derivatives separated from the host contract by the acquiree are reassessed on acquisition unless the business combination results in a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required under the contract.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

2.4 Transactions with non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit and loss and net assets in subsidiaries not held by the Group and are presented separately in profit or loss of the Group and within equity in the consolidated statements of financial position, separately from parent shareholders' equity. Transactions with non-controlling interests are accounted for using the entity concept method, whereby, transactions with minority interests are accounted for as transactions with owners. On acquisition of monority interests, the difference between the consideration and book value of the share of the net assets acquired is recognised directly in equity. Gain or loss disposal to non-controlling interests is recognised directly in equity.

2.5 Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are those corporations, partnerships or other entities (including special purpose entities) in which the Group has power to exercise control over the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from their activities, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investment in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

2.6 Associates and joint venture

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The considerations made in determining significant influence or joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over subsidiaries.

The Group's investments in its associate and joint venture are accounted for using the equity method.

Under the equity method, the investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate or joint venture since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the associate or joint venture is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is neither amortised nor individually tested for impairment.

The statement of profit or loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the associate or joint venture. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate or joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate or joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate or joint venture.

The aggregate of the Group's share of profit or loss of an associate and a joint venture is shown on the face of the statement of profit or loss outside operating profit and represents profit or loss after tax and non-controlling interests in the subsidiaries of the associate or joint venture.

The financial statements of the associate or joint venture are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. When necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

2.6 Associates and joint venture cont'd

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an impairment loss on its investment in its associate or joint venture. At each reporting date, the Group determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in the associate or joint venture is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate or joint venture and its carrying value, then recognises the loss as 'Share of profit of an associate and a joint venture' in the statement of profit or loss.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

2.7 Changes in Ownership Interests

When the Group ceases to have control, joint control or significant influence over an entity, the carrying amount of the investment at the date control or significant influence ceases become its cost on initial measurement as a financial asset in accordance with MFRS 139. Any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.8 Foreign currency

(i) Functional and presentation currency

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (RM), which is also the Company's functional currency.

(ii) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are measured in the respective functional currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries and are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currencies at exchange rates approximating those ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies measured at fair value are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at the reporting date are recognised in profit or loss except for exchange differences arising on monetary items that form part of the Group's net investment in foreign operations, which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and accumulated under foreign currency translation reserve in equity. The foreign currency translation reserve is reclassified from equity to profit or loss of the Group on disposal of the foreign operation.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for the differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity. Exchange differences arising from such non-monetary items are also recognised directly in equity.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

2.8 Foreign currency cont'd

(iii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into RM at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date and income and expenses are translated at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. The exchange differences arising on the translation are taken directly to other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under foreign currency translation reserve relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the profit or loss. Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of foreign operations are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operations and are recorded in the functional currency of the foreign operations and translated at the closing rate at the reporting date.

2.9 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

(i) Cost/Valuation

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Revaluation is made at least once in every five years by an independent valuer on an open market value basis. Any revaluation increase is credited to equity as a revaluation surplus, except to the extent that it reverse a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognised as an expenses, in which case, the increase is recognised in the profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously recognised. A revaluation decrease is first offset against an increase on unutilised revaluation surplus previously recognised in respect of the same asset and is thereafter recognised as an expense. Upon the disposal of revalued assets, the attributable revaluation surplus remaining in the revaluation reserve is transferred to retained earnings.

Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment and furniture and fixtures except for freehold land are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced in intervals, the Group recognised such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, it's cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

2.9 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation cont'd

(ii) Depreciation

Depreciation on other property, plant and equipment is provided on a straight line basis to write off the cost of each assets to its residual value over the estimated useful life at the following annual rates:

Freehold buildings	2%
Renovations	4%
Motor vehicles	20%
Furniture, fittings and equipment	20 - 33%

Leasehold building is depreciated over the estimated useful life of 50 years or over the remaining leasehold land tenure, whichever is shorter.

Freehold land is not depreciated as it has an infinite life.

The residual values, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

(iii) Impairment

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. A write down is made if the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount. The policy for the recognition and measurement of impairment losses is in accordance with Note 2.12.

(iv) Gains or Losses on Disposal

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are from its use or disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any and the net carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

(v) Repairs and Maintenance

Repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred. The cost of major renovations is included in the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing asset will flow to the Group. This cost is depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related asset.

2.10 Investment properties

Investment properties are properties which are held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both. Investment properties are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment loss. The policy for the recognition and measurement of impairment losses is in accordance with Note 2.12. Freehold buildings are depreciated at a rate of 2% per annum. Freehold land has an unlimited useful life and therefore is not depreciated.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

2.10 Investment properties cont'd

A property interest under an operating lease is classified and accounted for as an investment property on a property-by-property basis when the Group holds it to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Any such property interest under an operating lease classified as an investment property is to be carried at fair value.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal.

Any gains or losses on the disposal of an investment property are recognised in profit and loss in the year in which they arise.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. For a transfer from owner-occupied property to investment property, the property is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy for property, plant and equipment set out in Note 2.9 up to the date of change in use.

2.11 Intangible assets

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill is initially measured at cost. Following the initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired is allocated, from the acquisition date, to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the cash-generating unit may be impaired, by comparing the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit, including the allocated goodwill, with the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised for goodwill are not reversed in subsequent periods.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within the cash-generating unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative fair values of the operations disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

(ii) Computer software

Computer software acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following the initial recognition, these assets are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Computer software is amortised at an annual rate of 20% on a straight line basis to write off the cost of each asset to its residual value over the estimated useful life.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

2.11 Intangible assets cont'd

(iii) Research and development costs

All research costs are recognised in the profit or loss as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which do not meet these criteria are expensed when incurred.

Development costs, considered to have finite useful lives, are stated at cost less any impairment losses and are amortised using the straight-line basis over the commercial lives of the underlying products not exceeding five years. Impairment is assessed whenever there is an indication of impairment and the amortisation period and method are also reviewed at least at each reporting date.

Subsequent expenditure on capitalised intangible assets are capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is expensed as incurred.

2.12 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assess at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when an annual impairment assessment for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units ("CGU")).

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of a CGU or groups of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to those units or group of units and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit or groups of units on a pro-rate basis.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss except for assets that are previously revalued where the revaluation was taken to other comprehensive income. In this case the impairment is also recognised in other comprehensive income up to the amount of any previous revaluation.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the assets is increased to its recoverable amount. That increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised previously. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is measured at revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase. Impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

2.13 Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments.

When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss, the directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group and the Company determine the classification of their financial assets at initial recognition, and the categories include loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The Group does not have any financial assets at fair value through profit and loss and held-to-maturity financial assets.

(i) Loans and receivables

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables. The Group's and the Company's loans and receivables comprise trade and other receivables, amounts due from related companies and cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position.

Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

Loans and receivables are classified as current assets, except for those having maturity dates later than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current.

(ii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assists are financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified in any other categories of financial assets. The Group's and the Company's available for sale financial assets comprise investment securities.

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses from changes in fair value of the financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income, except that impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary instruments and interest calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in profit or loss. The cumulative gain or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment when the financial asset is derecognised. Dividends on an available-for-sale equity instrument are recognised in profit or loss when the Group and the Company's right to receive payment is established.

Investment in equity instruments whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less impairment loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current assets unless they are expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date.

A financial assets is derecognised when the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised or derecognised on the trade date i.e., the date that the Group and the Company commit to purchase or sell the asset.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the Statements of Financial Position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

2.14 Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company assess at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial assets is impaired.

(i) Trade and other receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost

A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. The criteria that the Group uses to determine that there is objective evidence of an impairment loss on financial assets has been incurred, the Group and the Company consider factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis based on similar risk characteristics.

Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivable could include the Group's and the Company's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

If any such evidence exists, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of allowance account. When a trade receivable becomes uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date. The amount of reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Significant or prolonged decline in fair value below cost, significant financial difficulties of the issuer or obligor, and the disappearance of an active trading market are considerations to determine whether there is objective evidence that investment securities classified as available-for-sale financial assets are impaired.

If an available-for-sale financial asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in profit or loss, is transferred from equity to profit or loss.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments are not reversed in profit or loss in the subsequent periods. Increase in fair value, if any, subsequent to impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

2.15 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits, and short-term, highly liquid investments, excluding deposits pledged for banking facilities, that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to an significant risk of changes in value. These also include bank overdrafts that form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

2.16 Engineering contracts

Where the outcome of an engineering contract can be reliably estimated, contract revenue and contract costs are recognised as revenue and expenses respectively by using the stage of completion method. The stage of completion is measured by reference to the proportion of contract costs incurred for work performed to date to the estimated total contract costs.

Where the outcome of an engineering contract cannot be reliably estimated, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of the contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Contract revenue comprises the initial amount of revenue agreed in the contract and variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments to the extent that it is probable that they will result in revenue and they are capable of being reliably measured.

When the total costs incurred on engineering contracts, plus recognised profits (less recognised losses), exceeds progress billings, the balance is shown as amount due from customers on contracts. When progress billings exceed costs incurred plus recognised profit (less recognised losses), the balance is classified as amount due to customers on contracts.

2.17 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost which is determined on a weighted average basis, includes cost of building automation equipment and parts and other direct cost in bringing the equipment to its present location. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. In arriving at the net realisable value, due allowance is made for all obsolete and slow moving items.

2.18 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group and the Company have a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Provision for defect liability is provided by reference to the stage of completion of contract activity at the end of reporting period, based on the performance bond amount or a fixed rate of the contract value as stipulated in the contract. The defect liability period of one to three years is specified in the contracts.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

2.19 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 139, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities.

There is no financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss in the Group and the Company. The Group's and the Company's other financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables and loans and borrowings.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

For other financial liabilities, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

2.20 Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, net of transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial guarantee contracts are recognised as income in profit or loss over the period of guarantee. If the debtor fails to make payment relation to financial guarantee contracts when it is due and the Company, as the issuer, is required to reimburse the holder for the associated loss, the liability is measured at the higher of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation. As at the financial year-end date, the financial guarantees provided by the Company to banks are in connection with the banking facilities granted to subsidiaries.

2.21 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of a qualifying asset if they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of that asset. Capitalisation of borrowing costs commences when the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress and the expenditures and borrowing costs are incurred. Borrowing costs are capitalised until the assets are substantially completed for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Group and the Company incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

2.22 Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, bonuses and social security contributions are recognised as an expense in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group. Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences, and short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Company pays fixed contributions into separate entities or funds and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if any of the funds do not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee services in the current and preceding financial years. As required by law, companies in Malaysia make contributions to the Employees Provident Fund ("EPF"). Such contributions are recognised as an expense in the income statement as incurred. Some of the Group's foreign subsidiaries also make contributions to their respective countries' statutory pension schemes.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable whenever an employee's employment is terminated before the normal retirement date or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to either terminate the employment of current employees according to a detailed formal plan without possibility of withdrawal or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the measurement of termination benefits is based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than twelve months after the end of reporting period are discounted to present value.

2.23 Leases

As lessee

Finance leases, which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Any initial direct costs are also added to the amount capitalised.

Lease payments are apportionated between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a consent rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged to profit or loss. Contingent rents, if any, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Leased assets are depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated life and the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The aggregate benefit of incentives provided by the lessor is recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

2.24 Discontinued operation

A component of the Group is classified as a "discontinued operation" when the criteria to be classified as held for sale have been met or it has been disposed of and such a component represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations or is part of a single coordinated major line of business or geographical area of operations. A component is deemed to be held for sale if its carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use.

Upon classification as held for sale, non-current assets and disposal groups are not depreciated and are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Any differences are recognised in profit or loss.

2.25 Revenue

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the enterprise and the amount of the revenue can be measured reliably. Revenue is not recognised to the extent where there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due, associated costs or the possible return of goods.

(i) Contract revenue

Contract revenue is recognised based on the stage of completion method as described in Note 2.16.

(ii) Maintenance and services

Revenue from services rendered is recognised net of discounts as and when the services are performed.

(iii) Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised net of sales taxes and upon transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer. Revenue is not recognised to the extent where there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due, associated costs or the possible return of goods.

(iv) Administration and consultancy services

Revenue from administration and consultancy services are recognised when services are rendered.

Revenue arising from third party administration services charged to insurance companies and corporate clients are billed annually or quarterly in advance based on membership at the time of renewal. Amounts billed in advance at each at the end of reporting period are carried forward to future periods as deferred revenue and recognised as revenue in the period to which the services provided relate.

(v) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

(vi) Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

2.26 Income taxes

(i) Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised except:

- where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity and deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill on acquisition.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

2.26 Income taxes cont'd

(ii) Deferred tax cont'd

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

2.27 Share capital and share issuance expenses

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group and the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Ordinary shares are equity instruments.

Ordinary shares are recorded at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable incremental transaction costs. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in the period in they are declared.

2.28 Contingencies

A contingent liability or asset is a possible obligation or asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of uncertain future event(s) not wholly within the control of Group.

Contingent liabilities and assets are not recognised in the statements of financial position of the Group.

2.29 Segment reporting

For management purpose, the Group is organised into geographical and operating segments based on their activities, products and services which are independently managed by the Divisional Directors responsible for the performance of the respective segments under their charge. The Divisional Directors report directly to the Group's chief operating decision maker who regularly reviews the segment results in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess the segment performance. Additional disclosures on each of these segments are shown in Note 37.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future.

(a) Critical judgments in applying the group's accounting policies

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS cont'd

(a) Critical judgments in applying the group's accounting policies cont'd

(i) Impairment of available-for-sale financial assets

The Group reviews its available-for-sale investments at each reporting date to assess whether they are impaired. The Group also records impairment charges on available-for-sale equity investments when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below their cost.

The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, historical share price movements and the duration and the extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost. During the year, the Group and the Company use 30% and 6 months as the triggers for "significant" and "prolonged" respectively for the purpose of assessing impairment.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2015, the amount of impairment loss recognised for available-for-sale financial assets for the Group and the Company were RM 3,895,196 and RM 2,241,640 respectively (2014: RM Nil and RM Nil). There is no reversal of impairment loss on available-for-sale financial assets.

(b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

(i) Engineering contracts

The Group recognises engineering contract revenue and expenses in the income statement by using the stage of completion method. The stage of completion is determined by reference to the proportion of contract costs incurred for work performed to date to the estimated total contract costs.

Significant judgment is required in determining the stage of completion, the extent of the contract costs incurred, the estimated total contract revenue and costs, as well as recoverability of the contract costs. In making the judgement, the Group evaluates based on past experience and by relying on the work of specialists and status of negotiation with the counterparties.

A 10% difference in the estimated total engineering contracts revenue would result in approximately 8% variance in the Group's revenue. A 10% difference in the estimated total engineering contracts would result in approximately 9% variance in the Group's cost of sales.

(ii) Impairment of loans and receivables

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. To determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment, the Group considers factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default of significant delay in payments.

Where there is objective evidence of impairment, the amount and timing of future cash flows are estimated based on historical loss experience for assets with similar credit risk characteristic. The carrying amount of the Group's loans and receivables at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 22.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS cont'd

(b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty cont'd

(iii) Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses and capital allowances can be utilised. Significant judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

(iv) Impairment assessment of investment in subsidiaries, outside Malaysia

The management of the Company determines whether the carrying amounts of its investments in unquoted shares outside Malaysia are impaired at reporting date. This involves measuring the recoverable amounts which include fair value less costs to sell and valuation techniques. Valuation techniques include amongst others, discounted cash flow analysis and estimates that provide reasonable approximations to the computation of recoverable amounts.

The cash flow projections reflect, amongst others, management's expectation of revenue, margins and operating costs for each subsidiary. The revenue used in the projected cash flows for the respective investment in subsidiaries are based on the management's assessment of the expected performance of the subsidiaries taking into considerations the projects in hand and projects the subsidiaries are currently pursuing.

(v) Depreciation and residual values of property, plant and equipment

The cost of renovations, motor vehicles and furniture, fittings and equipment are depreciated on a straight line basis over the respective assets' useful lives. Management estimates the useful lives of these assets to be within 3 to 25 years. These reflect the historical and expected economic lives of the Group's assets. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological developments could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, therefore future depreciation charges could be revised.

4 **REVENUE**

	Group	Com	pany
2015	2014	2015	2014
RM	RM	RM	RM
27,915,121	18,116,373	-	-
7,663,093	9,800,736	-	-
3,364,756	5,393,550	-	-
33,885	-	-	-
38,976,855	33,310,659	-	-
(2,641,432)	(253,959)	-	-
36,335,423	33,056,700	-	-
	2015 RM 27,915,121 7,663,093 3,364,756 33,885 38,976,855 (2,641,432)	RM RM 27,915,121 18,116,373 7,663,093 9,800,736 3,364,756 5,393,550 33,885 - 38,976,855 33,310,659 (2,641,432) (253,959)	2015 2014 2015 RM RM RM 27,915,121 18,116,373 - 7,663,093 9,800,736 - 3,364,756 5,393,550 - 33,885 - - 38,976,855 33,310,659 - (2,641,432) (253,959) -

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

5 COST OF SALES

	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Contract costs (Note 23)	19,714,510	14,908,528	-	-
Maintenance services	1,969,196	2,910,376	-	-
Cost of equipment sold	2,455,309	3,550,046	-	-
Cost of fertilisers	29,015	-	-	-
	24,168,030	21,368,950	-	-
Less: Cost of sales from assets held for sale				
(Note 26)	(1,758,844)	(201,251)	-	-
Cost from continuing operations	22,409,186	21,167,699	-	-

6 OTHER INCOME

	Group		Co	Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Compensation received	309,591	-	-	-	
Financial guarantee obligation (Note 8 (a))	-	-	-	136,108	
Gain on disposal of:					
- available for sale assets (Note 8 (a))	-	869,614	-	869,614	
- property, plant and equipment (Note 8 (a))	1,050	2,738	-	-	
- subsidiary company (Note 8 (a))	-	425,097	-	-	
Gain on foreign exchange - unrealised	-	4,212	-	-	
Interest income (Note 8 (a))	248,433	187,758	73	57	
Investment witten off	(94,000)	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous income	742,272	507,714	349,400	-	
Reversal of impairment of receivables	4,641,021	-	805,704	-	
Rental income (Note 8 (a))	-	50,952	-	-	
Reversal of provision of defect liabilities (Note 8 (a))	-	413,022	-	-	
Reversal of expenses over provided	2,122,012	190,691	-	-	
	7,970,379	2,651,798	1,155,177	1,005,779	
Less: Other income for assets held for sale (Note 26)	(429,167)	-	-	-	
Other income from continuing operations	7,541,212	2,651,798	1,155,177	1,005,779	

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

7 FINANCE COSTS

	Group		Company		
	2015	2015	2015 2014	2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Interest expense on:					
Bank overdraft	344,353	167,511	-	-	
Bankers' acceptances	122,383	92,589	-	-	
Obligation under finance lease	46,762	-	-	-	
	513,498	260,100	-	-	
Less: Interest expenses for assets held for sale and discontinued operations (Note 26)	(19,429)	(3,975)	-	-	
Finance costs from continuing operations	494,069	256,125	-	-	

8 PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION

G	Group		Company	
2015	2014	2015	2014	
RM	RM	RM	RM	
104,600	110,000	50,000	50,000	
17,434	30,000	-	-	
(20,000)	-	-	-	
8,000	8,000	-	-	
180	-	-	-	
-	-	-	853,617	
(309,591)	-	-	-	
619,824	525,906	-	-	
10,027	10,027	-	-	
	2015 RM 104,600 17,434 (20,000) 8,000 180 - (309,591) 619,824	2015 2014 RM RM 104,600 110,000 17,434 30,000 (20,000) - 8,000 8,000 180 - - - (309,591) - 619,824 525,906	2015 2014 2015 RM RM RM 104,600 110,000 50,000 17,434 30,000 - (20,000) - - 8,000 8,000 - 180 - - (309,591) - - 619,824 525,906 -	

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

8 PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION cont'd

		Group		Co	mpany	
		2015	2015	2014	2015	2014
		RM	RM	RM	RM	
(a)	After charging/(crediting) (cont'd):					
	Directors' remunerations (Note 8(b))	251,400	596,742	108,000	443,966	
	Financial guarantee obligation (Note 6)	-	-	-	136,108	
	Foreign exchange loss					
	- realised	235,809	75,146	-	-	
	- unrealised	58,639	(4,212)	-	-	
	(Gain)/Loss on disposal of:					
	- available-for-sale financial assets (Note 6)	38,677	(869,614)	38,677	(869,614)	
	- property, plant and equipment (Note 6)	(1,050)	(2,738)	-	-	
	- subsidiary company	-	(425,097)	-	-	
	Interest income					
	- short term deposits	(248,433)	(187,758)	(73)	(73)	
	Impairment loss/(reversal) on investment in					
	- subsidiary company	-	-	(374,368)	38,076	
	- quoted equity	1,589,215	-	1,589,215	-	
	- unquoted shares	2,305,981	-	652,425	-	
	Investment written off	94,000	-	-	-	
	Reversal of impairment of receivables (Note 22(a))	(4,641,021)	(363,836)	(805,704)	-	
	Provision for financial guarantee no longer required	1,554,588	-	-	-	
	Provision for slow moving inventory	198,250	-	-	-	
	Rental income (Note 6)	-	(50,952)	-	-	
	Rental expense	218,962	90,380	12,000	12,000	
	Reversal of provision of defect liabilities (Note 6)	-	(413,022)	-	-	
	Staff costs (Note 8(c))	9,153,634	8,460,158	-	-	
		-,,	.,,			

8 PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION cont'd

(b) Directors' remuneration:

The details of remuneration received by directors of the Company and directors of the subsidiaries during the year are as follows:

		G	iroup
		2015	2014
		RM	RM
(i)	Paid by the subsidiaries:		
	Company's directors:		
	Executive directors' remuneration:		
	Defined contribution benefit	23,400	12,776
	Other emoluments	120,000	140,000
	Subsidiary directors:		
	Executive directors' remuneration:		
	Defined contribution benefit	-	-
	Other emoluments	-	-
		143,400	152,776
	Directors of the Company (ii)	108,000	443,966
	Total directors' remuneration	251,400	596,742
		Co	mpany
		2015	2014
		RM	RM
(ii)	Paid by the Company:		
	* Executive directors' remuneration:		
	Fees	-	-
	Defined contribution benefit	-	33,600
	Other emoluments	-	282,866
		-	316,466
	Non-executive directors' remuneration:		
	Fees	108,000	127,500
	Total	108,000	443,966

* Included remunerations paid to the executive directors, who had resigned in the current financial year.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

8 PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION cont'd

(b) Directors' remuneration cont'd

(iii) The numbers of directors of the Company whose total remuneration during the financial year fell within the following bands is analysed below:

	Number of Director	
	2015	2014
Executive directors:		
RM100,001 - RM150,000	-	-
RM150,001 - RM200,000	-	1
RM200,001 - RM250,000	-	-
RM300,001 - RM350,000	-	1
Non-Executive directors:		
Below RM50,000	4	5
Past directors:		
RM50,001 - RM100,001	-	-
RM100,001 - RM150,000	-	-

(c) Employee information

	(Group		pany
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Staff costs (excluding directors' emoluments):				
Salary, wages and bonus	7,426,847	7,134,282	-	-
Defined contribution benefit	887,965	842,483	-	-
Other staff related expenses	838,822	483,393	-	-
	9,153,634	8,460,158	-	-

9 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Domestic income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2014: 25%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year

Taxation for other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions. There were no tax for the foreign subsidiaries in China, Singapore, India and Vietnam as they were in a tax loss position for the current financial year.

	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2014 2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Malaysian taxation based on the results for the year:				
- Current	51,829	-	-	-
- Under provision in prior years	9,411	19,642	-	-
Deferred tax (Note 19)				
 Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences 	(329,814)	550,000	-	-
- Under provision in prior year	510,995	-	-	-
	242,421	569,642	-	-

A reconciliation between tax expense and the product of accounting profit/(loss) multiplies by the applicable corporate tax rate for the year ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	Group		Со	Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Profit/(Loss) before taxation:					
Continuing operations	3,503,162	1,856,192	(3,170,270)	(985,939)	
Taxation at the statutory tax rate of 25% (2014: 25%)	875,791	464,048	(792,568)	(246,485)	
Effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,214,424	192,226	1,023,678	280,512	
Effects of temporary differences not recognised	(859,878)	-	-	-	
Effect of income not subject to tax	(1,508,322)	(106,274)	(231,110)	(34,027)	
Under provision of tax expense in prior years	9,411	19,642	-	-	
Over provision of deferred tax in prior year	510,995	-	-	-	
	242,421	569,642	-	-	

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

10 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Both the basic and diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit/(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year.

	2015 RM	2014 RM
Profit from continuing operations	3,260,741	1,286,550
Add/(Less): Non controlling interests share of results	-	-
Profit attributable to owner of the parent	3,260,741	1,286,550
Profit/(Loss) from assets held for sale	799,937	(45,478)
Add/(Less): Non controlling interests share of results	(87,993)	-
Profit/(Loss) attributable to owner of the parent	711,944	(45,478)
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	3,972,685	1,241,072
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	729,630,380	692,407,053
Basic/diluted earnings/(loss) per share - sen		
- from continuing operations	0.45	0.19
- from assets held for sales and discountinued operations	0.10	(0.01)
	0.54	0.18

11 DIVIDENDS

The directors do not propose the payment of any dividend in respect of the current financial year ended 31 December 2015.

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Group	Freehold land	Freehold buildings	Leasehold building	Motor vehicles	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Renovations	Total 2015
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Cost/Valuation							
At 1 January 2015	9,100,000	4,705,451	10,583,627	551,966	2,618,980	692,150	28,252,174
Additions	-	-	-	63,804	852,532	-	916,336
Disposal	-	-	-	(57,750)	-	-	(57,750)
Foreign exchange differences	-	162,347	(437,400)	60,375	78,548	46,764	(89,366)
At 31 December 2015	9,100,000	4,867,798	10,146,227	618,395	3,550,060	738,914	29,021,394
Representing:							
- Cost	1,223,566	4,603,266	4,767,159	618,395	3,550,060	738,914	15,501,360
- Valuation	7,876,434	264,532	5,379,068	-	-	-	13,520,034
	9,100,000	4,867,798	10,146,227	618,395	3,550,060	738,914	29,021,394
Accumulated depreciation and impairment							
At 1 January 2015	-	1,063,780	1,109,887	109,343	2,452,663	299,039	5,034,712
Depreciation charge for the year (Note 8 (a))	-	97,356	184,759	120,846	187,800	29,063	619,824
Disposal	-	-	-	(38,800)	-	-	(38,800)
Foreign exchange differences	-	162,348	(704,036)	32,973	-	37,037	(471,678)
At 31 December 2015	-	1,323,484	590,610	224,362	2,640,463	365,139	5,144,058
Net Carrying Value							
At 31 December 2015	9,100,000	3,544,314	9,555,617	394,033	909,597	373,775	23,877,336

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT cont'd

Group	Freehold land RM	Freehold buildings RM	Leasehold building RM	Motor vehicles RM	Furniture, fittings and equipment RM	Renovations RM	Total 2014 RM
Cost							
At 1 January 2014	9,100,000	4,705,451	10,583,627	365,949	2,655,541	682,420	28,092,988
Additions	-	-	-	260,872	111,472	9,730	382,074
Disposal	-	-	-	(74,855)	-	-	(74,855)
Reclassification to assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	(148,033)	-	(148,033)
At 31 December 2014	9,100,000	4,705,451	10,583,627	551,966	2,618,980	692,150	28,252,174
Representing:	4 000 500	4 440 040	5 004 550	554 000	0.010.000	000 450	44,700,440
- Cost		4,440,919	5,204,559	551,966	2,618,980	692,150	14,732,140
- Valuation	7,876,434	264,532	5,379,068	-	-	-	13,520,034
	9,100,000	4,705,451	10,583,627	551,966	2,618,980	692,150	28,252,174
Accumulated depreciation and impairment							
At 1 January 2014	-	944,811	925,128	48,760	2,499,888	270,072	4,688,659
Depreciation charge for the year (Note 8(a))	-	118,969	184,759	96,496	96,715	28,967	525,906
Disposal	-	-	-	(35,913)	-	-	(35,913)
Reclassification to assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	(143,940)	-	(143,940)
At 31 December 2014	-	1,063,780	1,109,887	109,343	2,452,663	299,039	5,034,712
Net carrying value							
At 31 December 2014	9,100,000	3,641,671	9,473,740	442,623	166,317	393,111	23,217,462

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT cont'd

Assets under valuation

Freehold land and building of the Group were revalued in the financial year 2012 by Henry Butcher Malaysia (Johor) Sdn. Bhd., an independent professional valuer. The comparison method was adopted in arriving at the market value of the freehold land and buildings.

Had the freehold land been stated at historical cost less accumulated amortisation, the net carrying amount would have been RM 1,223,566 (2014: RM 1,223,566).

Had the freehold buildings been stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation, the net carrying amount would have been RM 3,544,314 (2014: RM 3,641,671).

Leasehold land of the Group were revalued in the financial year 2013 by Colliers International (Hong Kong) Ltd, an independent professional valuer. The comparison method was adopted in arriving at the market value of the leasehold buildings.

Had the leasehold land been stated at historical cost less accumulated amortisation, the net carrying amount would have been RM 4,613,949 (2014: RM 3,539,487).

Assets pledged as security

The freehold land and buildings with a total net carrying amount of RM 12,644,314 (2014: RM 12,741,671) are charged to licensed banks for banking facilities granted to the Group (Note 29).

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase agreement

During the financial year, the Group acquired plant and equipment with a cost of RM 853,336 (2014: RM 382,074) of which RM 63,000 (2014: RM232,000) were financed under a hire purchase agreement.

Included in motor vehicles are assets purchased under hire purchase contracts with an aggregate net carrying value of RM 394,033 (2014: RM 439,081).

CONT'D

13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Freehold land RM	Freehold building RM	Leasehold building RM	Total RM
Group				
Cost				
At 1 January 2015	245,909	121,600	379,751	747,260
Addition	-	-	-	-
Disposal	-	-	-	-
At 31 December 2015	245,909	121,600	379,751	747,260
Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses				
At 1 January 2015	75,909	5,067	308,415	389,391
Depreciation charge (Note 8(a))	-	2,432	7,595	10,027
Disposal		-	-	-
At 31 December 2015	75,909	7,499	316,010	399,418
Net carrying value				
At 31 December 2015	170,000	114,101	63,741	347,842
At 1 January 2014	245,909	121,600	379,751	747,260
Addition	-	-	-	-
Disposal		-	-	-
At 31 December 2014	245,909	121,600	379,751	747,260
Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses				
At 1 January 2014	75,909	2,635	300,820	379,364
Depreciation charge (Note 8(a))	-	2,432	7,595	10,027
Disposal	-	-	-	-
At 31 December 2014	75,909	5,067	308,415	389,391
Net carrying value				
At 31 December 2014	170,000	116,533	71,336	357,869

There is no rental income and the expenses relating to these investment properties are not material.

The following investment properties are held under lease terms:

	G	iroup
	2015	2014
-	RM	RM
Leasehold building	63,741	71,336

14. LAND HELD FOR PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

	Freehold land	Development expenditure	Total
	RM	RM	RM
Group			
Cost			
At 1 January 2015	-	-	-
Addition	-	161,403	161,403
At 31 December 2015	-	161,403	161,403
At 31 December 2014		-	-

15. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

	C	ompany
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
Unquoted shares, at cost		
In Malaysia	36,025,545	36,025,545
Outside Malaysia	9,753,435	9,753,435
	45,778,980	45,778,980
Less: Accumulated impairment losses	(10,808,054)	(11,182,422)
Add: Provision of financial guarantees by the parent	267,665	1,822,253
	35,238,591	36,418,811
Movement in impairment losses		
At 1 January	11,182,422	12,269,419
Add: Current year impairment	-	38,076
Less: Reversal of impairment	(374,368)	-
Less: Disposal of subsidiary	-	(1,125,073)
	10,808,054	11,182,422

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

15. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES cont'd

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of Company	Country of incorporation	Equ Interes	-	Principal activities
		2015	2014	
		%	%	
Metronic Engineering Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Procurement of contracts in relation to engineering work specialising in the field of intelligent building management system, integrated security management system, and sale of engineering equipment, e-project management of mechanical and electrical services, and supply of engineering systems.
Metronic Integrated System Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Maintenance of intelligent building management system and integrated security management system, dealing in fertiliser and intelligent healthcare instrument.
Metronic Microsystem (Beijing) Company Limited*	People's Republic of China	100	100	Dormant.
M-One Country Development Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Property developments. In the initial stage of project development.
Metronic R&D Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Research, development, production and marketing of building automation and security system products, modules and related parts.
Metronic Engineering Private Limited* (Note (a))	India	89	70	Design, production and sale of engineering systems for the information and communication technology industry, specialising in intelligent building management system and integrated security management system.
ldeal Ultimate Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	58	58	Currently dormant. Intended activities are development and commercialisation of the Optical Fiber Perimeter Security System.
Metronic Vietnam Company Limited*	Vietnam	100	100	Currently dormant. Intended principal activities are design, production and sales of engineering systems for the information and communication technology industry, specialising in intelligent management security

management system.

15. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES cont'd

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows: cont'd

Name of Company	Country of incorporation	Equity n Interest held				Principal activities
		2015	2014			
		%	%			
IPanel Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.#	Malaysia	82.5	82.5	Currently dormant. Intended principal activities are research, development, manufacturing, sale and distribution of electronic products and intelligent facilities management system.		
Anhui Lai'An Metronic Water Supply Company Limited.*	People's Republic of China	100	100	Currently dormant. Intended principal activities are design, construction, production, operation, maintenance and sale of treated water.		

* Audited by firms of auditors other than CHI-LLTC

Inclusive of an indirect interest of 7.5% held via IPanel Ptd Ltd.

(a) Disposal of Metronic Engineering Private Limited:

On 29 August 2014, the Company has signed a Share Purchase Agreement ("SPA") to effect the transfer of its 70% interest in Metronic Engineering Private Limited ("MEPL") for a consideration of INR 98,40,000 (approximately RM 544,241). On 1 October 2015, the Company has extended the period of the agreement to 31 December 2015 provided the buyer has paid 50% of the share purchase amounting to INR 5,695,012 (approximately RM 367,966) and full payment for the debit note amounting to INR 1,052,743 (approximately RM 68,020). As at year end, the transfer of shares in MEPL has not been completed, pending finalisation of the conditions in the SPA.

During the current financial year, MEPL increased its paid up share capital from INR 27,948,500 to INR 53,056,520 by an allotment of 25,108,020 ordinary shares of INR 10 each at par by capitalising the amount owing to Metronic Engineering Sdn. Bhd. for the purpose of increasing its working capital. These new shares rank pari passu with then existing shares.

With this increase in share capital, the Company has an effective equity interest of 89% of MEPL.

16. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE

		Co	mpany
		2015	2014
		RM	RM
Unquoted shares, at cost:			
Outside Malaysia		220,850	220,850
Name of Company	Country of incorporation	Equity Ir	nterest held
		2015	2014
		%	%
Metronic Saudi Arabia Limited	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	50	50

Liability Company

This joint venture was set up with the intended principal activities in the design, production and sale of engineering systems for the information, communication and technology industry specialising in intelligent building management system and integrated security managements.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

16. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE cont'd

The Group's aggregate share of the current assets, non-current assets, current liabilities, non-current liabilities, income and expenses of the jointly controlled entity is as follows:

	2015	2014
	RM	RM
Assets and liabilities		
Current assets	303,850	303,850
Non-current assets	-	-
Total assets	303,850	303,850
Current liabilities	83,000	83,000
Non-current liabilities	-	-
Total liabilities	83,000	83,000
Income statement		
Revenue	-	-
Expenses, including finance costs and taxation	-	-

17. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

		Group	Company		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Quoted shares in Malaysia At fair value	6,658,421	10,416,089	6,658,421	10,416,089	
* Unquoted shares outside Malaysia					
At net carrying amount	2,400,000	4,705,981	2,400,000	3,052,425	
	9,058,421	15,122,070	9,058,421	13,468,514	

Movement in available-for-sale investments are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
At 1 January	15,122,070	13,745,491	13,468,514	12,091,935
Additions	4,512,565	18,925,704	4,512,565	18,925,704
Fair value adjustment	-	(314,823)	-	(314,823)
Impairments	(3,895,196)	-	(2,241,640)	-
Disposals	(6,681,018)	(17,234,302)	(6,681,018)	(17,234,302)
At 31 December	9,058,421	15,122,070	9,058,421	13,468,514

* The fair value information has not been disclosed for these financial instruments as their fair value cannot be measured reliably due to lack of quoted market price in an active market and assumption required for valuing these financial instruments.

17. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS cont'd

Impairment in unquoted shares outside Malaysia - Unilink Development Limited ("Unilink")

During the financial year, the Group and the Company recognised further impairment losses of RM 2,305,981 and RM 652,425 respectively (2014: RM Nil) for the unquoted equity instrument classified as available-for-sale financial assets as there was "significant" or "prolonged" decline in the fair value of the investment and based on its expected realisable value of RM 2,400,000.

The impairments made by the Group and the Company for the previous financial year were using the management accounts available to the Company.

18. OTHER INVESTMENTS

	G	Group	
	2015	2014	
	RM	RM	
At 1 January			
- Unquoted shares, at cost	144,897	144,897	
- less: impairment loss	(144,897)	(144,897)	
	-	-	
Golf club membership	94,000	94,000	
Written off	(94,000)	-	
At 31 December	-	94,000	
	Co	mpany	
	2015	2014	
	RM	RM	
At 1 January			
- Unquoted shares, at cost	144,897	144,897	
- less: impairment loss	(144,897)	(144,897)	
At 31 December	-	-	

19. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

	Co	Company	
	2015	2014	
	RM	RM	
At 1 January	7,462,366	8,012,181	
Recognised in income statement (Note 9)	(181,181)	(550,000)	
Foreign currency translation differences	(12,307)	185	
	7,268,878	7,462,366	
Reclassification to assets held for sale	(11,236)	(23,543)	
At 31 December - after appropriate set off	7,257,642	7,438,823	

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

19. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS cont'd

Deferred tax liabilities of the Group:

	2015	2014
	RM	RM
Timing differences in respect of property, plant and equipment	72,393	56,256

Deferred tax assets of the Group:

Provision for defect liabilities RM	Receivables RM	Others RM	Total RM
1,444,000	5,667,000	384,079	7,495,079
(248,810)	67,629	-	(181,181)
-	-	(12,307)	(12,307)
1,195,190	5,734,629	371,772	7,301,591
-	-	(11,236)	(11,236)
1,195,190	5,734,629	360,536	7,290,355
1,494,000	6,167,000	407,437	8,068,437
(50,000)	(500,000)	-	(550,000)
-	-	185	185
1,444,000	5,667,000	407,622	7,518,622
-	-	(23,543)	(23,543)
1,444,000	5,667,000	384,079	7,495,079
	for defect liabilities RM 1,444,000 (248,810) - 1,195,190 - 1,195,190 1,494,000 (50,000) - 1,444,000 -	for defect liabilities Receivables RM RM 1,444,000 5,667,000 (248,810) 67,629 - - 1,195,190 5,734,629 - - 1,195,190 5,734,629 1,494,000 6,167,000 (50,000) (500,000) - - 1,444,000 5,667,000 - -	for defect liabilities Receivables Others RM RM RM 1,444,000 5,667,000 384,079 (248,810) 67,629 - - - (12,307) 1,195,190 5,734,629 371,772 - - (11,236) 1,195,190 5,734,629 360,536 1,494,000 6,167,000 407,437 (50,000) (500,000) - - - 185 1,444,000 5,667,000 407,622 - - (23,543)

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

		Group	
	2015	2014	
	RM	RM	
Unused tax losses	30,263,353	29,103,478	
Unabsorbed capital allowances	573,637	-	
	30,836,990	29,103,478	

At the reporting date, the Group has tax losses of approximately RM 30,263,353 (2014: RM 29,103,478) that are available for offset against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose, for which no deferred tax asset is recognised due to uncertainty of its recoverability. The availability of unused tax losses for offsetting against future taxable profits of the respective subsidiaries in Malaysia are subject to no substantial changes in shareholdings of those subsidiaries under the Income Tax Act, 1967 and guidelines issued by the tax authority. The use of tax losses of subsidiaries in other countries is subject to the agreement of the tax authorities and compliance with certain provisions of the tax legislation of the respective countries in which the subsidiaries operate.

CONT'D

20. PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT COSTS

		Group	
	Freehold land	Development expenditure	Total
Group	RM	RM	RM
Cost			
At 1 January 2015	-	-	-
Addition	9,861,011	927,232	10,788,243
Disposal	-	-	-
At 31 December 2015	9,861,011	927,232	10,788,243
At 31 December 2014	-	-	-

21. INVENTORIES

	Group	
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
At cost		
Building automation equipment and parts	3,160,399	1,967,846
Fertiliser	1,518,940	1,549,330
Intelligent healthcare instrument	320,975	352,707
Trading	374,229	-
	5,374,543	3,869,883
Reclassification to assets held for sale (Note 26)	(1,333,097)	(10,338)
	4,041,446	3,859,545

22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade receivables

	Group	
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
Trade receivables	10,535,452	3,555,353
Progress billings receivables	11,135,762	45,580,052
Due from customers on contracts (Note 23)	-	2,082,371
Retention sums on contracts (Note 23)	6,921,046	17,033,443
Advance to sub-contractors	-	724,490
	28,592,260	68,975,709
Reclassification to assets held for sale (Note 26)	(1,629,305)	(3,175,803)
	26,962,955	65,799,906
Allowance for impairment (Note 22(a))	(7,540,286)	(58,425,441)
Trade receivables, net	19,422,669	7,374,465

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES cont'd

	Group	
	2015	2014
Other receivables	RM	RM
Deposits and prepayment	7,303,923	3,273,608
Sundry receivables	629,035	540,733
	7,932,958	3,814,341
Reclassification to assets held for sale (Note 26)	(602,722)	(517,811)
Other receivables, net	7,330,236	3,296,530
Total trade and other receivables	26,752,905	10,670,995
Add: Short term deposits (Note 24)	4,710,666	4,945,951
Cash and bank balances (Note 25)	509,199	1,674,048
Total loans and receivables	31,972,770	17,290,994

Current Assets

		Company	
	2015	2014	
	RM	RM	
Trade receivables		-	

Other receivables

Due fuere exheidieries	14 705 000	4 700 070
Due from subsidiaries	14,795,006	4,796,879
Sundry receivables	1,703	449,250
Allowance for doubtful debts	(20,281)	(825,985)
Allowance for impairment	(10,655)	(10,655)
Other receivables, net	14,765,773	4,409,489
Total trade and other receivables	14,765,773	4,409,489
Cash and bank balances (Note 25)	135,190	50,465
Total loans and receivables	14,900,963	4,459,954

(a) Trade receivables

The Group's normal credit terms range from 60 to 90 days. Other credit terms are assessed and approved on a case-by-case basis.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk that may arise from exposures to a single debtor or groups of debtors other than:

The estimated timeframe was solely based on management's estimates. No empirical evidence was available to derive at this estimated timeframe of collection.

22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES cont'd

(a) Trade receivables cont'd

Ageing analysis of trade receivables

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables is as follows:

	(Group	
	2015	2014	
	RM	RM	
Neither past due nor impaired	8,575,504	3,926,692	
1 to 30 days past due but not impaired	2,269,524	650,025	
31 to 60 days past due but not impaired	1,344,196	348,220	
61 to 90 days past due but not impaired	772,475	536,300	
91 to 120 days past due but not impaired	261,862	433,788	
More than 121 days past due but not impaired	6,199,108	1,479,440	
	10,847,165	3,447,773	
Impaired	7,540,286	58,425,441	
	26,962,955	65,799,906	

Receivables that are neither past due nor impaired

Trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are creditworthy debtors with good payment records with the Group. None of the Group's trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have been renegotiated during the financial year.

Receivables that are past due but not impaired

The Group has trade receivables amounting RM 10,847,165 (2014: RM 3,447,773) that are past due at the reporting date but not impaired.

At the reporting date, the balances of receivables that are past due but not impaired are unsecured in nature. The management is confident that the remaining receivables are recoverable as these accounts are still active.

Receivables that are impaired

The Group's trade receivables that are impaired at the reporting date and the movement of the allowance accounts used to record the impairment are as follow:

		lectively paired		p Invidually npaired		Total
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
_	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Trade receivables						
- nominal amounts	-	1,708,619	7,540,286	56,716,822	7,540,286	58,425,441
Less: Allowance for impairment	-	(1,708,619)	(7,540,286)	(56,716,822)	(7,540,286)	(58,425,441)
	-	-	-	-	-	-

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES cont'd

(a) Trade receivables cont'd

Receivables that are impaired cont'd

Movement in accumulated impairment:

	Group	
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
At 1 January	58,425,441	58,789,277
Reversal of impairment for the year	(50,885,155)	(363,836)
At 31 December	7,540,286	58,425,441

Trade receivables that are individually determined to be impaired at the reporting date are determined on a case-by-case basis, and normally relate to debtors that have significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancements.

(b) Other receivables

Amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Included in the Group's other receivables are deposits paid for:

	C	Group		
	2015	2014		
	RM	RM		
Joint venture to develop a property project	4,200,000	3,000,000		
Purchase of 2 pieces of land	-	100,000		
	4,200,000	3,100,000		

CONT'D

23. DUE FROM/TO CUSTOMERS ON CONTRACTS

	Group	
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
Contract costs incurred to date	95,048,647	72,232,918
Add: Attributable profits	21,070,741	22,471,607
	116,119,388	94,704,525
Less: Progress billings received and receivable	(129,168,890)	(97,143,734)
	(13,049,502)	(2,439,209)
Due from customers on contracts (Note 22)	-	2,082,371
Due to customers on contracts (Note 30 (a))	(13,049,502)	(2,439,209)
	(13,049,502)	(356,838)
Reclassification to assets held for sale (Note 26)	-	(2,082,371)
	(13,049,502)	(2,439,209)
Retention sums on contracts, included within trade receivables (Note 22)	6,921,046	17,033,443
Contract costs recognised as an expense (Note 5)	17,955,666	14,908,528

Included in contract costs recognised as an expense is provision for defect liabilities of RM Nil (2014: RM Nil) during the year (Note 8(a)).

24. SHORT TERM DEPOSITS

		Group
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
Fixed deposits with licensed banks (Note 22)	4,710,666	4,945,951

Fixed deposits with licensed banks of the Group amounting to RM 4,710,666 (2014: RM 4,945,951) are pledged as security for banking facilities granted to the Group and to the Company respectively as disclosed in Note 29 and Note 33 to the financial statements.

The weighted average effective interest rate and maturities of fixed deposits at reporting date are as follows:

	Interest rate		Maturity	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	%	%	day	day
Group	2.81	2.81	180	180

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

25. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

For the purpose of the cash flow statements, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following as at the reporting date:

	Group	
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
Cash and bank balances (Note 22)	509,199	1,674,048
Bank overdrafts (secured)(Note 29)	(678,487)	(2,464,511)
Total cash and cash equivalents	(169,288)	(790,463)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		
Continuing operations	(169,288)	(644,126)
Classified as assets held for sale (Note 26)	-	(146,337)
	(169,288)	(790,463)
	Co	ompany
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
Cash and bank balances (Note 22)	135,190	50,465

* Excluding amounts pledged as security as disclosed in Note 24.

26. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARY

Results of assets held for sale and discontinued operations from the disposal of subsidiary are as follows:

	G	roup
	2015	015 2014
	RM	RM
Profit/(Loss) after tax from:		
Assets held for sale	799,937	(17,950)
Discontinued operations	-	(27,528)
	799,937	(45,478)

26. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARY cont'd

The results of Metronic Engineering Private Limited, classified as assets held for sale in the current financial year ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	Group	
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
Revenue (Note 4)	2,641,432	253,959
Cost of sale (Note 5)	(1,758,844)	(201,251)
Other income	429,167	-
Expenses	(441,092)	(66,683)
Interest expenses (Note 7)	(19,429)	(3,975)
Profit/(Loss) before tax from assets held for sale	851,234	(17,950)
Income tax expense	(51,297)	-
Profit/(Loss) after tax from assets held for sale	799,937	(17,950)

Included in assets classified as held for sale in the Group Statements of Financial Position as at 31 December 2015 and 2014 are:

	Group	
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
Property, plant and equipment (Note 12)	3,053	4,093
Deferred tax assets (Note 19)	11,236	23,543
Inventories (Note 21)	1,333,097	10,338
Progress billing receivables	1,629,305	1,093,432
Due from customers on contract (Note 23)	-	2,082,371
Trade receivables (Note 22)	1,629,305	3,175,803
Other receivables (Note 22)	602,722	517,811
Cash and bank balances (Note 25)	729,484	-
Assets classified as held for sale	4,308,897	3,731,588
Trade payables (Note 30)	1,310,311	1,382,226
Other payables (Note 30)	789,882	57,061
Loan and borrowings (Note 29)	-	146,337
Liabilities classified as held for sale	2,100,193	1,585,624

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

26. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARY cont'd

The results of Securetrax Solutions Private Limited ("SSPL"), strike off in the last financial year ended 31 December 2014 are as follows:

	Group
	2014
	RM
Revenue (Note 4)	-
Other income (Note 6)	-
Expenses	(27,528)
Interest expenses (Note 7)	-
Loss before tax from disposal of subsidiary	(27,528)
Income tax expense	-
Loss after tax from disposal of subsidiary	(27,528)

The assets and liabilities of SSPL and MiCare at the disposal date are as follows:

	Group
	2014
Group Carrying Value	RM
Cash and bank balances	85
Other payables	(578,833)
Net liabilities disposed	(578,748)
Foreign currency translation reserve	153,651
Group's share of net liabilities disposed	(425,097)
Gain on disposal of subsidiary to the Group (Note 6)	425,097
Disposal proceeds settled by cash	-
Cash outflow arising from disposal:	
	RM
Cash consideration	-
Cash and cash equivalents of subsidiary disposed	(85)
Net cash outflow of the Group	(85)

CONT'D

27. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of ordinary shares of RM0.10 each			Amount	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
			RM	RM	
Authorised:-					
At 1 January/ 31 December	10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	
Issued and fully paid:-					
At 1 January	698,397,503	670,906,903	69,839,750	67,090,690	
Issued during the year	60,000,000	27,490,600	6,000,000	2,749,060	
At 31 December	758,397,503	698,397,503	75,839,750	69,839,750	

On 25 June 2015, the Company increased its paid up capital from RM 69,839,750 to RM 75,839,750 by an allotment of 60,000,000 ordinary shares of RM 0.10 each at par for cash via a private placement and for the purpose of increasing the working capital.

These new shares rank pari passu with the existing of the Company.

28. OTHER RESERVES

	(Group	
	2015	2014	
	RM	RM	
Revaluation reserves			
At 1 January	13,113,034	13,113,034	
Movement in current year	-	-	
At 31 December	13,113,034	13,113,034	

Revaluation reserves comprise of the cumulative changes, net of tax effects, arising from the valuation of freehold land, freehold and leasehold buildings which are not distributable.

Foreign currency translations reserve

At 1 January	207,132	876,133
Add/(Less): Foreign exchange translation	63,191	(669,001)
At 31 December	270,323	207,132

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

28. OTHER RESERVES cont'd

The foreign currency translation reserve is used to record exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations whose functional currencies are different from that of the Group's presentation currency. It is also used to record the exchange differences arising from monetary items which from part of the Group's net investment in foreign operations, where the monetary item is denominated in either the functional currency of the reporting entity or the foreign operation.

	Group ar	Group and Company	
	2015	2014 RM	
	RM		
Available for sale reserve			
At 1 January	-	314,823	
Transfer to profit/loss upon disposal	-	(314,823)	
At 31 December	-	-	

Available for sale reserve represents the cumulative fair value changes in the fair value of available for sale financial assets until they are disposed or impaired.

29. LOANS AND BORROWINGS

	Group	
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
Current		
Hire purchase payables (secured)	111,911	102,393
Bank overdrafts (secured) (Note 25)	678,487	2,464,511
Bankers' acceptances (secured)	936,197	3,191,937
	1,726,595	5,758,841
Reclassification to assets held for sale (Note 26)	-	(146,337)
	1,726,595	5,612,504
Non current		
Hire purchase payables	263,226	316,338
Total loans and borrowings (Note 30 and 34)	1,989,821	5,928,842

29. LOANS AND BORROWINGS cont'd

The remaining maturities of the loans and borrowings as at 31 December 2015 are as below:

	Group	
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
On demand or within one year	1,726,595	5,612,504
More than 1 year and less than 2 years	117,267	107,575
More than 2 years and less than 5 years	145,959	208,763
5 years or more	-	-
	1,989,821	5,928,842

The bank borrowings are secured on the freehold land and buildings, leasehold buildings and fixed deposits with licensed banks of the Group as disclosed in Note 12, Note 13 and Note 23. The interest rates on these borrowings range between 2.81% to 8.0% (2014: 2.81% to 8.0%) per annum.

The revolving credit project facility is secured by the deed of assignment of contract proceeds and receivables in relation to the project at an interest rate of 4.24% (4.24% in 2014) per annum.

The obligations under finance lease are secured by a charge over the leased assets as disclosed in Note 12. The average discount rate implicit in the leases is 4.48% to 6.38% (2014: 4.48% to 6.38%) per annum. These obligations are denominated in the respective functional currencies of the relevant entities in the Group.

30. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

(a) Trade payables

	Group	
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
Trade payables	4,444,347	4,801,640
Due to customers on contracts (Note 23)	13,049,502	2,439,209
	17,493,849	7,240,849
Reclassification to assets held for sale (Note 26)	(1,310,311)	(1,382,226)
	16,183,538	5,858,623

(b) Other payables

		Group	
	2015	2014	
	RM	RM	
Other creditors and accruals	10,077,619	9,595,754	
Provision for defect liabilities	5,139,228	1,112,148	
	15,216,847	10,707,902	
Reclassification to assets held for sale (Note 26)	(789,882)	(57,061)	
	14,426,965	10,650,841	

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

30. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES cont'd

(b) Other payables cont'd

		Group	
	2015	2014	
	RM	RM	
Total trade and other payables	30,610,503	16,509,464	
Add: Loans and borrowings (Note 29)	1,989,821	5,928,842	
Total financial liabilities carried at amortised cost	32,600,324	22,438,306	

(a) Trade payables

(b) Other payables

	2015	2014
	RM	RM
Due to subsidiaries	6,583,987	3,533,284
Other creditors and accruals	2,365,493	3,395,230
	8,949,480	6,928,514
Total trade and other payables	8,949,480	6,928,514
Add: Loans and borrowings	-	-
Total financial liabilities carried at amortised cost	8,949,480	6,928,514

Included in the Group's trade payables is the amount owing to sub-contractors and suppliers of RM 11,155,201 (2014: RM 2,439,209) which relates to work completed for certain federal public sector projects. In accordance with the agreements with these sub-contractors and suppliers, the amount will be settled only upon the Group's receipt of payments from the debtors. The management is confident of enforcing this payment term with the sub-contractors and suppliers.

31. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Company had the following transactions with related parties during the financial year:

	20	2015		14		
	Transactions	Balance Transactions Outstanding Transactions				Balance Outstanding
	RM	RM	RM	RM		
Company						
Subsidiaries:						
Office rental paid	12,000	-	12,000	-		

All the transactions above have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from those obtainable in transactions with unrelated parties.

(b) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

	Group		Company		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits:	120,000	422,866	-	282,866	
Defined contribution plan	23,400	46,376	21,204	33,600	
Directors' fees	108,000	127,500	108,000	127,500	
	251,400	596,742	129,204	443,966	
Included in the total key management personnel are:					
Directors' remuneration (Note 8(b))	251,400	596,742	108,000	443,966	

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

32. COMMITMENTS

Hire purchase commitments

The commitment terms of more than one year under hire purchase agreements of the Group are summarised as follows:

	2	2015	2014		
	Preser Minimum value o payments liabilitie		Minimum payments	Present value of liabilities	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Not later than 1 year	126,648	111,911	121,092	102,393	
Later than 1 year but not later than 2 years	126,648	117,267	121,092	107,575	
Later than 2 year but not later than 5 years	151,121	145,959	248,182	208,763	
	404,417	375,137	490,366	418,731	
Less: Future finance charges	(29,280)	-	(71,635)	-	
	375,137	375,137	418,731	418,731	

33. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

	C	Group
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
 (a) Secured: Performance and financial guarantees issued by the banks to third parties 	5,826,325	7,352,711

The above bank guarantees and letter of credit are secured on the freehold land and buildings, leasehold buildings and fixed deposits with licensed banks of the Group as disclosed in Note 24 to the financial statements.

	Company	
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
(b) Unsecured:		
Corporate guarantees given to licensed banks for credit facilities granted to subsidiaries	50,500,000	50,500,000
Corporate guarantees given to performance for project granted to subsidiaries	43,042,826	43,042,826

The Group and the Company are exposed to financial risks arising from their operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks include interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, liquidity risk, market price risks and credit risks. It is, and has been throughout the year under review.

The Group's overall financial risk management programme seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on financial performance of the Group. The Group does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

There has been no change in the Group's exposure to these financial risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES

(a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to interest rate risk relates to interest bearing financial assets and liabilities.

Interest bearing financial assets are mainly short term in nature which includes fixed deposits with licensed banks which are placed for better yield returns than cash at banks and to satisfy conditions for bank guarantee and borrowing facilities granted to the Group.

The Group's interest bearing financial liabilities mainly comprise bank borrowings. Borrowings at floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group currently does not use any derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to changes in interest rates and it is the Group's policy to obtain the most favourable interest rates available.

The information on maturity dates and effective interest rates of financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in their respective notes.

Interest on borrowings that are subject to floating rates are contractually repriced within a year. Interest on financial instruments at fixed rates are fixed until the maturity of the instruments.

Interest on borrowings that are subject to floating rates are contractually repriced within a year. Interest on financial instruments at fixed rates are fixed until the maturity of the instruments.

At the reporting date, if interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's loss before taxation and net of tax, and the equity would have been RM 339 higher/ lower (2014: higher/lower by RM 2,223), arising mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate loans and borrowings. If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's loss before taxation and net of tax, and the equity would have been RM 2,355 lower/higher (2014: lower/higher by RM 1,855) as a result of higher/lower interest income from floating rate fixed deposits. The assumed movement in basis points for interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on a prudent estimate of the current market environment.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities. The Group actively manages its debt maturity profile, operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that all refinancing, repayment and funding needs are met. As part of its overall prudent liquidity management, the Group maintains sufficient levels of cash or cash equivalents to meet its working capital requirements. In addition, the Group also maintains available banking facilities of a reasonable level to its overall debt position.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES cont'd

(b) Liquidity risk cont'd

Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

		2015	
	On demand or within one year	Two to five years	Total
	RM	RM	RM
Group			
Financial liabilities:			
Trade and other payables	30,610,503	-	30,610,503
Loans and borrowings	1,726,595	263,226	1,989,821
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	32,337,098	263,226	32,600,324
Company			
Trade and other payables (excluding financial guarantees)*	8,949,480	-	8,949,480
Loans and borrowings	-	-	-
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	8,949,480	-	8,949,480
		2014	
	On demand or within one year	2014 Two to five years	Total
	or within	Two to five	Total RM
Group	or within one year	Two to five years	
Group Financial liabilities:	or within one year	Two to five years	
	or within one year	Two to five years	
Financial liabilities:	or within one year RM	Two to five years	RM
Financial liabilities: Trade and other payables	or within one year RM 16,509,464	Two to five years RM	RM 16,509,464
Financial liabilities: Trade and other payables Loans and borrowings	or within one year RM 16,509,464 5,612,504	Two to five years RM - 316,338	RM 16,509,464 5,928,842
Financial liabilities: Trade and other payables Loans and borrowings Total undiscounted financial liabilities	or within one year RM 16,509,464 5,612,504	Two to five years RM - 316,338	RM 16,509,464 5,928,842
Financial liabilities: Trade and other payables Loans and borrowings Total undiscounted financial liabilities Company Trade and other payables (excluding financial guarantees)*	or within one year RM 16,509,464 5,612,504 22,121,968	Two to five years RM - 316,338	RM 16,509,464 5,928,842 22,438,306

* At the reporting date, the counterparty to the financial guarantees does not have a right to demand cash as the default has not occurred. Accordingly, financial guarantees under the scope of MFRS 139 are not included in the above maturity profile analysis.

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES cont'd

(c) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group incurs foreign currency risk on transactions that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate. Exposure to foreign currency risks are monitored on an on-going basis. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily the Saudi Arabia Riyal ("SAR"), Vietnam Dung ("VND"), and China Renminbi ("RMB").

The Group's policy is to minimise the exposure of overseas operating subsidiaries/ activities to transaction risks by matching local currency income against local currency cost.

The Group has certain investments in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk. If the functional currency had weakened or strengthened by 10% against the SAR, VND and RMB with all other variables held constant, the impact on equity would have been approximately RM 210,412 (2014: RM 58,551) higher/lower on translation upon consolidation. No impact on the profit and loss as the financial assets and liabilities denominated in the above currencies are in respect of the foreign subsidiaries where the trade in those subsidiaries are conducted in those entities' respective functional currencies.

The unnedged financial	assets and	liabilities of	t the	Group	that a	are not	denominated	in their	functional
currency are as follows:									

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	SAR	VND	RMB	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM
At 31 December 2015				
Trade and other receivables	620,900	59,737	282,178	962,815
Cash and bank balance	-	5,313	27,005	32,318
Trade and other payables	-	19,584	3,744,887	3,764,471
Borrowings	-	36,164	-	36,164
At 31 December 2014				
Trade and other receivables	620,900	194,306	968,143	1,783,349
Cash and bank balance	-	5,694	578,168	583,862
Trade and other payables	-	1,807	3,120,220	3,122,027
Borrowings	-	25,867	-	25,867

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES cont'd

(c) Foreign currency risk cont'd

Sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Group's profit/(loss) net of tax and equity to a reasonably possible change in the SAR, VND and RMB exchange rates against the respective functional currencies of the Group entities, will all other variables held constant.

	G	roup
	2015	2014
	RM	RM
	Effect on loss equity	net of tax/ , net of tax
	Increase	(decrease)
SAR/RM - strengthened 10%	46,568	46,568
- weakened 10%	(46,568)	(46,568)
VND/RM - strengthened 10%	698	12,924
- weakened 10%	(698)	(12,924)
RMB/RM - strengthened 10%	(257,678)	(118,043)
- weakened 10%	257,678	118,043

(d) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations. The Group's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from trade and other receivables.

Credit risks are minimised and monitored via strictly limiting the Group's associations to business partners with reasonably high creditworthiness. Trade receivables are monitored on an ongoing basis via the Group's management reporting procedures.

The Group does not have any significant exposure to any individual customer nor does it have any major concentration of credit risk related to any financial instruments.

(e) Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than interest or exchange rates).

The Group is exposed to equity price risk arising from its investment in quoted equity instruments. The quoted equity instruments in Malaysia are listed on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. This instruments are classied as available-for-sale financial assets. The Group does not have exposure to commodity price risk. The Group's objective is to manage investment returns, to steady dividend yield and capital gain.

A 5% strengthening in the quoted market price of the respective counters at the end of the reporting period with all other variables held constant would have increase the fair value adjustment reserve in equity and other comprehensive income by RM 452,921 (2014: RM 508,930). A 5% weakening in the quoted market price of the respective counters would have equal but opposite effect on the fair value adjustment reserve in equity and other comprehensive income respectively.

35. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair values of financial instruments by classes that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximation of fair value.

The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities of the Group and of the Company at the reporting date approximated their fair values except for the following:

	Gi	Group		ipany
	Carrying value RM	Fair value RM	Carrying value RM	Fair value RM
At 31 December 2015: Other investments		-	-	-
At 31 December 2014: Other investments	94,000	250,000	-	-

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair values of the following classes of financial instruments:

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables, loans and short-term borrowings

The carrying amounts approximate fair values due to the relatively short term maturity of these financial instruments.

(ii) Long-term borrowing

The carrying amounts of the non-current portion of hire purchase and finance leases are reasonable approximation of their fair values as the implied discount rates approximate current market rates.

(iii) Investments

The fair values of quoted securities is determined by reference to stock exchange quoted market bid prices at the close of the business on the reporting date.

(iv) Financial guarantees

Fair value is determined based on probability weighted discounted cash flow method. The probability has been estimated and assigned for the following key assumptions:

- The likelihood of the guaranteed party defaulting within the guaranteed period.
- The exposure on the portion that is not expected to be recovered due to the guaranteed party's default.
- The estimated loss exposure if the party guaranteed were to default.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

36. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or process during the years ended 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is loans and borrowings divided by total capital plus loans and borrowings. The Group's policy is to minimise the gearing ratio. Capital includes equity attributable to the owners of the parent.

	Group		
	2015 20		
	RM	RM	
Total loans and borrowings (Note 29)	1,989,821	5,928,842	
Equity attributable to the owners of the parent	57,158,558	47,122,682	
Capital and borrowings	59,148,379	53,051,524	
Gearing ratio	0.03	0.11	

37. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

For management purpose, the Group segment reporting format is determined to be geographical as the Group's risks and rates of return are affected predominantly by the location of where revenue is generated. The Group's geographical segments are divided into two categories.

(i) Malaysia

The operations in this area are system integration specialising in the field of intelligent building management system and integrated security management system, e-project management of mechanical and electrical services, supply of engineering systems and equipment, and marketing and distribution of intelligent healthcare and fertilisers.

(ii) Overseas

The Group has operations in Vietnam, India, People's Republic of China and United Arab Emirates. The operations in these areas are system integration specialising in the field of intelligent building management system and integrated security management system and supply of engineering systems and equipment.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss which is measured differently from operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements. Income taxes are managed on a group basis and are not allocated to operating segments. Transfer pricing between operating segments are on arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties.

37. SEGMENTAL REPORTING cont'd

Geographical segments

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue, results, assets and liabilities by geographical segment.

	Note	Malaysia RM	Overseas RM	Adjustments/ eliminations RM	Total RM
31 December 2015					
Revenue					
Continuing operations					
Sales to external customers		36,335,423	-	-	36,335,423
Inter-segment sales		-	-	-	-
Total Revenue		36,335,423	-	-	36,335,423
Assets held for sale					
Sales to external customers		-	2,641,432	-	2,641,432
Inter-segment sales		-	-	-	-
Total Revenue		-	2,641,432	-	2,641,432
Group Revenue	(A)			_	38,976,855
Results					
Segment result	(D)	3,693,620	1,869,194	(1,565,583)	3,997,231
Finance cost		(357,961)	(19,429)	(116,679)	(494,069)
Profit before tax					
- Continuing operations		3,335,659	1,849,765	(1,682,262)	3,503,162
- Assets held for sale		-	799,937	-	799,937
Income tax expense		(242,421)	-	-	(242,421)
Net profit for the year		3,093,238	2,649,702	(1,682,262)	4,060,678
Assets					
Segment assets	(B)	142,547,228	18,135,591	(68,735,751)	91,947,068
Liabilities					
Segment liabilities	(C)	54,378,334	10,429,889	(30,107,706)	34,700,517
Other segment information					
Capital expenditure		853,336	-	-	853,336
Depreciation of property plant and		010.001			010.001
equipment Depreciation of investment properties		619,824 10,027	-	-	619,824 10,027
Depreciation of investment properties		10,027		-	10,027

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

37. SEGMENTAL REPORTING cont'd

Geographical segments cont'd

	Note	Malaysia RM	Overseas RM	Adjustments/ eliminations RM	Total RM
31 December 2014					
Revenue					
Continuing operations					
Sales to external customers		33,056,700	-	-	33,056,700
Inter-segment sales		-	-	-	-
Total Revenue		33,056,700	-	-	33,056,700
Assets held for sale					
Sales to external customers		-	253,959	-	253,959
Inter-segment sales		-	-	-	-
Total Revenue		-	253,959	-	253,959
Group Revenue	(A)				33,310,659
Results					
Segment result	(D)	1,579,463	107,757	425,097	2,112,317
Finance cost		(256,125)	-	-	(256,125)
Profit/(Loss) before tax					
- Continuing operations		1,323,338	107,757	425,097	1,856,192
- Assets held for sale		-	(45,478)	-	(45,478)
Income tax expense		(569,642)	-	-	(569,642)
Net profit/(loss) for the year		753,696	62,279	425,097	1,241,072
Assets					
Segment assets	(B)	108,044,975	18,593,275	(55,491,638)	71,146,612
Liabilities					
Segment liabilities	(C)	27,424,945	16,030,688	(19,431,703)	24,023,930
Other segment information					
Capital expenditure		382,074	-	-	382,074
Depreciation of property plant and equipment		335,879	190,027	_	525,906
Depreciation of investment properties		10,027	-	-	10,027
Other significant non-cash expenses:					
Impairment loss on trade receivables		(363,836)	-	-	(363,836)
Reversal of provision for defect liabilities		(413,022)	-	-	(413,022)

37. SEGMENTAL REPORTING cont'd

Business segments

The Group comprises two main business segments:

- (i) Engineering system integration specialising in the field of intelligent building management system and integrated security management system, e-project management of mechanical and electrical services, supply of engineering systems and equipment.
- (ii) Marketing and distribution of intelligent healthcare and fertilisers.

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue, results, assets and liabilities by business segment.

	Note	Engineering RM	Marketing and distribution RM	Investment holding RM	Adjustments/ eliminations RM	Total RM
31 December 2015						
Revenue Continuing operations						
Sales to external customers Inter-segment sales		36,301,538 -	33,885 -	-	-	36,335,423 -
Total revenue		36,301,538	33,885	-	-	36,335,423
Assets held for sale Sales to external customers Inter-segment sales		2,641,432	-	-	-	2,641,432
Total revenue		2,641,432	-	-	-	2,641,432
Group Revenue	(A)				_	38,976,855
Results						
Segment result Finance cost Profit before tax	(D)	9,911,049 (377,390)	(1,177,965) -	(3,170,270) -	(1,565,583) (116,679)	3,997,231 (494,069)
 Continuing operations Assets held for sale 		9,533,659 799,937 6,035	(1,177,965)	(3,170,270) -	(1,682,262) -	3,503,162 799,937 (242,421)
Income tax expense Net profit/(loss) for the year		10,339,631	(248,456) (1,426,421)	(3,170,270)	(1,682,262)	4,060,678
Assets						
Segment assets	(B)	68,116,446	33,125,289	59,441,084	(68,735,751)	91,947,068
Liabilities Segment liabilities	(C)	27,435,053	28,423,690	8,949,480	(30,107,706)	34,700,517

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

37. SEGMENTAL REPORTING cont'd

Business segments cont'd

	Note	Engineering	Marketing and distribution	holding	Adjustments/ eliminations	Total
		RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Other segment information						
Capital expenditure		596,036	257,300	-	-	853,336
Depreciation of property plant and equipment		397,397	222,427	-	-	619,824
Depreciation of investment properties		10,027	-	-	-	10,027
Provision for slow moving inventories		198,250	-	-	-	198,250

	Note	Engineering RM	Marketing and distribution RM	Investment holding RM	Adjustments/ eliminations RM	Total RM
31 December 2014						
Revenue Continuing operations Sales to external customers Inter-segment sales		32,054,573	1,002,127	-	-	33,056,700
Total Revenue		32,054,573	-	-	-	33,056,700
Assets held for sale						
Sales to external customers Inter-segment sales		253,959 -	- -	-	-	253,959 -
Total revenue		253,959	-	-	-	253,959
Group Revenue	(A)				-	33,310,659
Results						
Segment result Finance cost	(D)	1,611,063 (256,125)	208,479 -	(132,322) -	425,097	2,112,317 (256,125)
Profit/(Loss) before tax - Continuing operations - Assets held for sale Income tax expense		1,354,938 (45,478) (519,642)	208,479 - (50,000)	(132,322) -	425,097 -	1,856,192 (45,478) (569,642)
Net profit/(loss) for the year		789,818	158,479	(132,322)	425,097	1,241,072
Assets Segment assets	(B)	49,659,757	22,388,105	54,590,388	(55,491,638)	71,146,612
Liabilities Segment liabilities	(C)	18,947,216	17,579,902	6,928,515	(19,431,703)	24,023,930

37. SEGMENTAL REPORTING cont'd

Business segments cont'd

	Note	Engineering	Marketing and distribution	Investment holding	Adjustments/ eliminations	Total
		RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Other segment information						
Capital expenditure		382,974	-	-	-	382,974
Depreciation of property plant and equipment		335,571	190,335	-	-	525,906
Depreciation of investment properties		10,027	-	-	-	10,027
Impairment reversal on trade receivables		(363,836)	-	-	-	(363,836)
Reversal of provision of defect liabilities		(413,022)	-	-	-	(413,022)

The Group's revenue is derived from numerous customers and there is no one major customer that contributes significantly to the revenue during the current financial year.

Note: Nature of adjustments and eliminations to arrive at amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements as follows:

- A Inter-segment revenues are eliminated on consolidation.
- B Inter-segment assets are eliminated on consolidation.
- C Inter-segment liabilities are eliminated on consolidation.
- D The adjustments relate to gain on disposal of subsidiary recognised by Group and classification of assets held for sale.

38. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

On 1 December 2015, the Company entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement with Toch Pte. Ltd. to dispose 250 ordinary shares representing 17.65% of the entire issued capital of Unilink Development Limited for a total cash consideration of RM 2,400,000 and received fully the said amount in January 2016.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 CONT'D

39. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BREAKDOWN OF ACCUMULATED LOSS INTO REALISED AND UNREALISED

The breakdown of the accumulated losses of the Group and the Company into realised and unrealised losses is presented in accordance with the directive issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and prepared in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Total accumulated losses as at reporting date may be analysed as follows:

		Group	Company		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Total accumulated losses					
- Realised	(26,042,214)	(31,277,241)	(25,348,146)	(22,177,876)	
- Unrealised	2,118,126	1,916,952	-	-	
	(23,924,088)	(29,360,289)	(25,348,146)	(22,177,876)	
Less: Consolidation adjustments	(8,140,461)	(6,676,945)	-	-	
Accumulated losses as per financial statements	(32,064,549)	(36,037,234)	(25,348,146)	(22,177,876)	

LIST OF PROPERTIES AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

Location	Description /Existing use	Land area sq. ft	Built-up area sq. ft	Date of certificate of fitness	Approximate age of building / Tenure	Net book value as at 31.12.2015 RM'000	Last date of revaluation or if none, date of acquisition
Metronic Engineering Sdn Bhd No. 2 Jalan Astaka U8/83 Bukit Jelutong Seksyen U8 40150 Shah Alam Selangor Darul Ehsan	3-storey semi- detached office cum factory	23,838	25,112	Friday, November 17, 2000	15 years / Freehold	7,295	Friday, October 5, 2012
No. 4 Jalan Astaka U8/83 Bukit Jelutong Seksyen U8 40150 Shah Alam Selangor Darul Ehsan	3-storey semi- detached office cum factory	16,948	18,621	Friday, November 17, 2000	15 years / Freehold	5,349	Friday, October 5, 2012
Lot 1888 College Heights Garden Resort Nilai Seremban	Vacant residential land	12,340	N/A	N/A	N/A / Freehold	170	Friday, August 28, 1998
Unit no. 3F - 47 3rd Floor Lot 1 JB Water Front City Jalan Tun Sri Lanang 80000 Johor Bahru Johor	Shop lot for investment purposes	N/A	475	Friday, February 23, 2001	15 years / Leasehold for 99 years expiring on 4 December 2095	64	Saturday, February 20, 1993
No. 19 Jalan Kemboja 4C/12 Section BS8 Bukit Sentosa III 48300 Rawang Selangor	single storey terrace house	2,131.25 (198 square metres)	2,691	N/A	Freehold Geran 80986, Lot 12604 Mukim Serendah Daerah Ulu Selangor Negeri Selangor	114	Thursday, September 20, 2012
Metronic Microsystem (Beijing) Company Limited PRC (Beijing) Company Limited PRC No 18 Level 8 Top Fine International Centre Dong San Huan Middle Road Chao Yang District Beijing PRC	Office	N/A	7,540 (700.53 square metres)	Friday, 28 November, 2003	14 years / Leasehold for 50 years expiring on 5 February 2052	9,556	Tuesday, February 5, 2013

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 31 MARCH 2016

SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised Share Capital	:	RM100,000,000 divided into 1,000,000,000 ordinary shares of RM0.10 each
Issued and Fully Paid-up Capital	:	RM75,839,750.30 divided into 758,397,503 ordinary shares of RM0.10 each
Class of Shares	:	Ordinary shares of RM0.10 each
Voting Rights	:	One vote per ordinary share

SHAREHOLDING DISTRIBUTION SCHEDULE (AS PER THE RECORD OF DEPOSITORS)

No. of Shareholders	Size of Shareholdings	No. of Shares Held	% of Shares
656	Less than 100	33,243	*
227	100 to 1,000	98,799	0.01
959	1,001 to 10,000	6,740,459	0.89
2,276	10,001 to 100,000	103,637,227	13.67
761	100,001 to less than 5% of issued shares	562,240,775	74.14
2	5% and above of the issued shares	85,647,000	11.29
4,881	TOTAL	758,397,503	100.00

* Less than 0.01%

LIST OF 30 LARGEST SECURITIES ACCOUNT HOLDERS (AS PER THE RECORD OF DEPOSITORS)

	Name of Shareholders	No. of Shares Held	Percentage (%)
1.	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Tan Lian Hong	44,764,500	5.90
2.	Tan Lay Yong	40,882,500	5.39
3.	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Tan Lian Hong	27,054,100	3.57
4.	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Tan Lian Hong (8092237)	26,278,800	3.47
5.	Tan Bee Leng	23,064,000	3.04
6.	Lee Kim Tiong @ Lee Kim Yew	20,000,000	2.64
7.	Chai Fook Yoon	18,280,000	2.41
8.	Amsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account - Ambank Islamic Berhad for Tan Lian Hong (SMART)	13,623,400	1.80
9.	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Tan Kian Hong	11,500,200	1.52
10.	Tan Hong Hong	10,844,700	1.43
11.	Gan Siew Liat	10,000,000	1.32
12.	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Tan Kian Hong (8098699)	8,762,900	1.16
13.	Lee Pei Mei	8,500,000	1.12
14.	Cimsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Exempt An For CIMB Securities (Singapore) Pte Ltd	7,712,857	1.00

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 31 MARCH 2016 CONT'D

LIST OF 30 LARGEST SECURITIES ACCOUNT HOLDERS (AS PER THE RECORD OF DEPOSITORS) cont'd

	Name of Shareholders	No. of Shares Held	Percentage (%)
15.	Cimsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd CIMB Bank for Tan Hong Hong (MY1780)	7,552,000	1.00
16.	M&A Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Lau Joo Liang (M&A)	7,500,000	0.99
17.	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Ng Wang @ Ng Chiang Chin	7,500,000	0.99
18.	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Tan Kian Hong (021)	7,200,000	0.95
19.	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Tan Kian Hong	7,138,500	0.94
20.	HSBC Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Exempt An For Credit Suisse (SG BR-TST-ASING)	6,800,000	0.90
21.	Cimsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd CIMB For Ng Tek Che (PB)	6,500,000	0.86
22.	Tan Hong Hong	6,469,300	0.85
23.	Chung Chee Yang	6,240,000	0.83
24.	Affin Hwang Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Chung Kin Chuan (CHU0226C)	6,001,000	0.79
25.	Kamaruzzaman bin Shariff	3,714,285	0.49
26.	Md Wira Dani bin Abdul Daim	3,714,285	0.49
27.	Tay Hock Tiam	3,500,000	0.46
28.	Lim Thiam Huat	3,500,000	0.46
29.	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Tan Lian Hong (021)	3,500,000	0.46
30.	Tang Soo Yan	3,240,000	0.43
		361,337,327	47.65

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (AS PER THE REGISTER OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS)

			No. Of Shares Held				
	Name Of Shareholders	Direct	%	Indirect	%		
1.	Tan Lian Hong	93,160,900	12.28	-	-		
2.	Tan Kian Hong	51,171,000	6.75	-	-		
3.	Tan Lay Yong	40,882,500	5.39	-	-		

DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS (AS PER THE REGISTER OF DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS)

		No. Of Shares Held							
	Name Of Shareholders	Direct	%	Indirect	%				
1.	Tan Kian Hong	51,171,000	6.75	-	-				
2.	Ng Wee Peng	-	-	-	-				
3.	Dato' Tan Choon Hwa JMK, JP	-	-	-	-				
4.	Chin Yoong Siong	-	-	-	-				
5.	Choh Kim Peng	-	-	-	-				

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Thirteenth Annual General Meeting ('13th AGM') of **METRONIC GLOBAL BERHAD** will be held at No. 2, Jalan Astaka U8/83, Seksyen U8, Bukit Jelutong, 40150 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan on **Thursday, 26 May 2016** at **11.00 a.m.** for the following purposes:-

AS ORDINARY BUSINESS

1.	To receive the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 together with the Directors and Auditors Reports thereon.	(Ordinary Resolution 1)
2.	To approve the payment of Directors' fees of RM108,000 for the financial year ended 31 December 2015.	(Ordinary Resolution 2)
3.	To re-elect the following Directors retiring pursuant to Article 79 of the Company's Articles of Association.	
	i) Datuk Tan Choon Hwa , JP, JMKii) Chin Yoon Siong	(Ordinary Resolution 3) (Ordinary Resolution 4)
4.	To re-appoint Messrs CHI-LLTC as Auditors of the Company for the ensuing year and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.	(Ordinary Resolution 5)
	PECIAL BUSINESS onsider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution:	
5.	Authority to Issue Shares pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965	(Ordinary Resolution 6)

"THAT subject to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965 and approvals of the relevant government/regulatory authorities, the Directors be and are hereby empowered to issue and allot shares in the Company, at any time to such persons and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, deem fit, provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this Resolution does not exceed ten percentum (10%) of the total issued and paid up share capital of the Company for the time being and the Directors be and also empowered to obtain approval for the listing and quotation for the additional shares so issued on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad; and that such authority shall continue to be in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company."

6. To transact any other business for which due notice shall have been given in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and the Companies Act, 1965.

By Order of the Board **METRONIC GLOBAL BERHAD**

JENNY WONG CHEW BOEY (MAICSA 7006120) WONG YUET CHYN (MAICSA 7047163) Company Secretaries Kuala Lumpur

29 April 2016

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notes:-

- 1. A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint one or more proxy to attend and vote in his stead. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company and the provision of Section 149(1)(b) of the Companies Act, 1965 shall not apply to the Company. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy. A proxy appointed to attend and vote at a General Meeting of the Company shall have the same rights as the member to speak at the General Meeting.
- 2. Where a member appoints two (2) proxies, the appointment shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportion of his holdings to be represented by each proxy.
- 3. Where a Member is an Exempt Authorised Nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ('omnibus account') there is no limit to the number of proxies which the Exempt Authorised Nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 4. Where a member is an authorised nominee as defined under the Central Depositories Act, 1991, it may appoint at least one (1) proxy in respect of each Securities Account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said Securities Account.
- 5. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointor is a corporation, either under the common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.
- 6. To be valid the proxy form duly completed must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office at No. 2-1, Jalan Sri Hartamas 8, Sri Hartamas, 50480 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan (KL) not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof.
- 7. In respect of deposited securities, only Members whose names appear in the Record of Depositors on 19 May 2016 (General Meeting Record of Depositors) shall be entitled to attend, speak and vote at this 13th AGM.

NOTES ON SPECIAL BUSINESS

Ordinary Resolution 6 - Authority to Issue Shares Pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965

The proposed Ordinary Resolution 6, if passed, will empower the Directors of the Company to issue and allot shares in the Company from time to time and for such purposes as the Directors consider would be in the best interest of the Company ("Renewed Mandate"). This Renewed Mandate will, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

As at the date of this Notice, no shares had been issued and alloted since the general mandate granted to the Directors at the last Annual General Meeting held on 23 June 2015 and this authority will lapse at the conclusion of the Thirteenth Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The Renewed Mandate will provide flexibility to the Company to raise funds, including but not limited to placing of shares, for purpose of funding future investment projects and/or working capital and/or acquisitions.

114 Metronic Global Berhad (632068-V)

METRONIC COMMETRONIC GLOBAL BERHAD (632068-V) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

CDS Account No.		-		-					
No. of Shares Held									

FORM OF PROXY

I/We	(NRIC No./Passport No./Co No)
(FULL NAME IN BLOCK LETTERS)		,
of		
	(ADDRESS)	
being a member/members of METRONI	C GLOBAL BERHAD, hereby appoint	
(FULL NAME IN BLOCK LETTERS)	(NRIC No./Passport No)
of		
	(ADDRESS)	
or failing him	(NRIC No./Passport No)
of		
	(ADDRESS)	

or failing him, the CHAIRMAN OF THE MEETING as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the Thirteenth Annual General Meeting ('13th AGM') of the Company to be held at No. 2, Jalan Astaka U8/83, Seksyen U8, Bukit Jelutong, 40150 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan on Thursday, 26 May 2016 at 11.00 a.m. and at any adjournment thereof.

OR	DINARY RESOLUTION	FOR	AGAINST
1.	Receive the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 and the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon		
2.	Payment of Directors' Fees		
3.	Re-election of Datuk Tan Choon Hwa, JP, JMK		
4.	Re-election of Chin Yoon Siong		
5.	Re-appointment of Auditors		
6.	Authority to issue shares under Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965		

(Please indicate with an "X" in the space provided on how you wish to cast your vote. If you do not do so, the proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his discretion.)

Dated this _____ day of _____ 2016.

Signature(s) of member(s)

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Affix Stamp

The Company Secretaries

METRONIC GLOBAL BERHAD (632068-V)

No. 2-1, Jalan Sri Hartamas 8, Sri Hartamas, 50480 Kuala Lumpur Wilayah Persekutuan (KL)

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metronic-group.com

Hoadquarters : No. 2, Jalan Astaka U8/83, Seksyen U8, Bukit Jelutong 40150 Shah Alam, Selangor

> Tel: 03-7847 2111 Fax: 03-7847 5111